## THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear,"

#### The Monitor's view Arms out of control

It is encouraging that public attention has the Middle East and the potential for wars and begun to focus on the spiraling of American oil embargoes in the region, it is astonishing arms sales abroad. Congress, for one, is the U.S. has such an open-ended commitment. watching this development like a hawk. But

Other arms programs are equally questionthe fact remains that there is yet no serious effort within the government to look at what is being sold all over the world and to evolve a for their F-5s, when experts agree such a numsensible policy for bringing arms sales under her is excessive for the country's defense. For-

It should be no source of pride to the United request to Congress. States that it has become the largest arms exports totaled about \$1.5 billion annually a decade ago; the level is now a staggering \$9 bil-rica, where the United States is eager to bollion to \$10 billion a year. Moreover, the U.S. is ster its allies and counter the Soviet arms no longer peddling hand-me-downs but the newest and highly advanced weapon systems, such many "third-world" countries are acquiring

Ironically, the United States may be defeat- This is not to suggest a criticism of legitiing its own goal of enhancing security throughout the world. Not only does this massive outpouring of arms fuel possibilities for regional forces so they can defend themselves. There conflict. As military and diplomatic experts is merit in fostering regional defense systems. are beginning to realize, and with some alarm, Arms agreements often serve valid security it will become increasingly difficult for the objectives - perhaps they do in most cases. U.S. - or the Soviet Union - to play the role of peacemaker. The ability of the superpowers to maintain world stability is thus being croded.

Iran is an illustration of the dangers of unrestrained arms selling. A just-released study by the Senate Foreign Relations Committee notes that the Iranians do not even have the skills to operate the sophisticated U.S. weaponry they now have and would be totally de. arms going to unreliable clients? To what expendent on U.S. personnel if they decided to go tent are they truly defensive? If they can be to war. By 1930, the report estimates, there used as offensive weapons, what quantity can could be as many as 50,000 Americans in Iran be justified as needed?

cret decision by President Nixon in 1972 to sell lead in showing that it does not intend to turn Iran all the modern conventional arms it the world into an arsenal of weapons that could wanted. When one considers the volatility of have disastrous consequences.

many as 2,000 Sidewinder interceptor missiles control. The new administration will have to tunately, as a result of public outcry, the administration will probably scale down its arms

seller in the world. Government-to-government area where arms are accumulating at a fast Nor is the Persian Gulf the only turbulent as supersonic planes, submarines, and antiship submarines and missile-armed patrol boats that could be used to impede shipping.

But to accept the present government view of "the more the better" (and the Pentagon, especially, argues that arms sales help the balance of trade and keep unit costs down) is to head down a potentially dangerous path. Some hard thought ought to be given to the nature of the weapons supplied. Are the most lethal

involved mostly in arms programs.

Arms are like shiny toys these days. Everyit is doubly disturbing that there has been no one wants them. But, as the major supplier in
the world, the United States ought to take the

## Another Hanoi gesture

Why did Vietnam stop permitting Americans But Hanol has not put it that bluntly. And it to leave toward the end of last year — and then is rational enough to know that the Congress is let virtually all of them depart last week? No official reasons have been given, and in the present twilight world of U.S.-Vietnam relations, no one can be sure. But it is easier to prisoners after the Bay of Pigs. see plausible motives for this week's action than for the holddown on departures.

help set the stage for renewed efforts to obtain. conclusion has been reached by the chairman United Nations membership. In the last UN of the House of Representatives select comsession the United States linked admission of mittee looking into the matter of the MIAS. Vietnam to admission of South Korea. When the latter was voted down the U.S. vetoed Vietnam to admission of South Korea. The latter was voted down the U.S. vetoed Vietnam to be faulted for hanging onto hope without nam. But this year the U.S. policy toward ad- evidence to the contrary. And if Hanol wants mitting Vietnam has not been settled, and Viet- to put brutality behind it and live up to humaninam no doubt sees its agreement to let all tarian protestations, it will prolong the misery Americans leave as removing an obstacle to a of doubt no longer. It will fully convey what-

This would be in line with a general Vict- In the larger Asian picture, the American

Hanol has said that no American prisoners One possibility is that Vietnam wanted to of war are still alive in Vietnam. A similar

namese effort to normalize relations with the withdrawal from South Vietnam has done less

Soviet dissident's the process of looking toward takes from which and Japan he said had had had had had agoldence in the soviet union.

Hanol's mutative is

Hanol's routeake is to hark back to the 1978

Hanol's routeake is to hark back to the 1978

Faits peace accords of which few inviolated shreds remain. It puts a figure of \$3.50 billion sponsible intentions. If normalized relations are to occur. Consistent forward inversement that is the price for further information from the hundreds of Americans still off.

Hanol must recognize this fact too—and detailed sponsible intentions. If normalized relations are to occur. Consistent forward inversement must be maintained—in contrast with such episodes as the thexplained suspension of American departures at the end of last year at the strickle lof Americans and other nationals. shieds requising it pitts a figure of \$3.25 billion shieds requising it to occur. Consistent forward movement that it is a stem to be that this is the price for further information from all the hundreds of Americans still off as it is the price for further information from American still off as it is the price for further information from American still off as it is the price for further information from Americans still off as it is a strong country which combines as the analysis listed as missing in action, the MIAs.

The implication seems to be that the maintained in contrast with such pisces as the heart substitution of complete is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very well set on; it is an ideal system is very wel

'I don't want any more comments on my line of man

### Will Angola drain Castro?

Now that Angolan President Neto has visited For Castro, getting out of Angolan his patron, Fidel Castro, in Cuba, questions re- sacrificing the objectives for white main for both leaders. For Castro, the problem fought may prove harder than gotting a leading to the control of is how many Cubans to take out of Angola - of the 12,000 Cuban soldiers have goe los and how soon. For Neto, the difficulty is political survival in the face of continuing guerrilla unknown number of military men will spill opposition, and getting his battered country probably for a long time, to trait in a comparative mental toward rehabilitation. started toward rehabilitation, both of which re- forces, hunt down guerrillas, and details quire the continued presence of Cuban forces. anti-MPLA uprising

Note's opponents in the recent civil war are still active in the hinterlands. Portions of Jonas . So whether or not Castro will be Savimbl's UNITA force operato in the central pledge to remove troops at the rate area, where roads are few and the important week is not clear. He now speaks of latter the number of Cuban civilians in Aparts northeast, near the Zaire border, Holden Rob- a few hundred to 2,000 or 3,000. erto's FNLA group apparently is again active
too. And in the oil-rich enclave of Cabina, an The situation is a reminder that independence movement still flourishes, revers won only what Prof. Rene. Per quiring the presence of Cuban troops. France described as 'a victory of

Even in the capital city of Luanda, the Neto dam". – meaning pushing down And position is under fire by young militants advo- hard-surfaced roads but leaving and cating a sharper leftist stand than the Neto open bush untouched. Such a triumps brand of socialism. So the President needs all to maintain, as Americans discovered the support he can get from Havana and Moscow just to maintain control. This helps account for the severity of the sentences against weakening Neto's power, and the severity of the sentences against the foreign mercenaries.

Mirror of opinion

### Soviet dissident's second thoughts

e What do you think today about the analysts 19 years? you gave in " Will the U.S.S.R. Survive Until

The situation will develop much more slowly than I thought when I wrote my essay. I also time but now we are threatened with a detail underestimated the careful works.

duction. The problem of inequality is tong sented. Discontent is building up There can be a terrible explosion if controls wearen . Has the quality of tile improved in the is

Yes, in the fields of housing ciothing in the tric household goods and automobiles in the food alfunition there also was progress at the lines had

WEEKLY INTERNATIONAL EDITION

# THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

# Now it's Africa's turn in the crucible

Suddenly, Africa is the cockpit of the nations. Every part of it is in a state of uncertainty.

By contrast, the rest of the world seems relatively stable. Six months ago southern Europe was in turmoil. Now it is stable. Before that it was Southeast Asia in particular and all of Asia in general which attracted the interests and anxieties of the world. Before that the big questions were about Western

Europe. How much of it would come under Moscow's control? Right now all of that seems to lie behind us. The frontiers of Europe have been fixed and virtually unchallenged for a decade. The frontiers of Asia and the relationship of its major countries toward each other have been stable since the Indo-China war ended. Even the Middle East seems to be moving toward a new stability in spite of the violence in Lebanon.

But in Africa, all is in question and in a state of uncertainty. The old settlements of 10th century empires are gone. The new shape of the new Africa is being hammered out in scores

and economic shape of Africa will be like ten or five years or even one year from now.

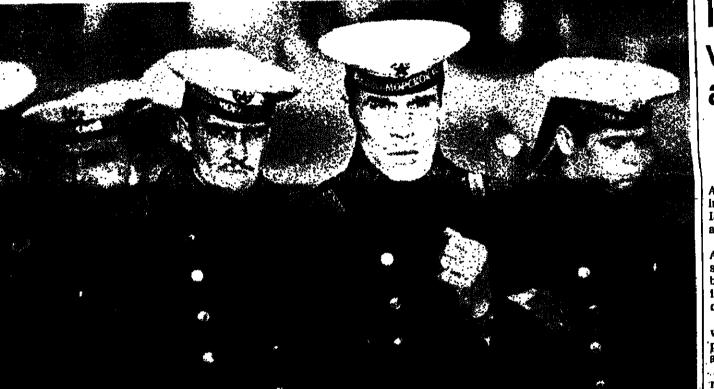
How much farther will the tide of black nationalism sweep southward before its momentum is spent? This last week Rhodesia counterattacked that tide. It sent its own forces on a raid into Mozambique to break up a guerrillo base camp. It scored an immediate tactical success. But does this mark the beginping of successful white resistance? Or will it only increase the zeal and power of the black tide?

Can South Africa come to terms with black nationalism in its own midst? Rioting has been endemic in the black enclaves around Johannesburg for weeks. Can it reach a successful compromise with the black community in South-West Africa, the former German colony which the blacks and the United Nations now call Namibia? An effort is under way under British sponsorship. Will Ian Smith in Rhodesia bow to the "winds of change," or go on defying them until his white regime bursts apart in sudden exhaustion?

has offended the outside world and his neighbors. He is an unstable tyrant. In the old days of empire he would never have risen to power. But Uganda is no longer under London's control. Jomo Kenyatta in neighboring Kenya has begun an economic squeeze. But will it work? Perhaps that depends on the role of Moscow. It could come to his rescue if it chose.

All through southern Africa there are question marks about the future roles of both Moscow and Washington. The shadow of great-power rivalry lies over all of Africa. The two superpowers have already met in uneven contest over Angola. Washington intervened too late with too little - and suffered a serious prestige loss. Muscow had planned its role well in advance. It won that hand.

The memory of the Angola failure is still vivid in Washington. How should the next hand be played? The inclination is to think that Washington should sponsor the cause of black nationalism in time to deny Moscow further opportunities as in



Soviet Navy men in Leningrad: eyes on the Indian Ocean

### Soviets wary of U.S. in Indian Ocean

By David K. Willis The Christian Science Monitor

Moscow The Soviet Union is moving quietly to shore up its own hand in the Indian Ocean and the Persian Gulf — while attributing sinister mo: lives to U.S. Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger's visit to the area last week.

In a cartoon in the Aug. 10 edition of Prayda. the Soviet party newspaper, a figure in the uniform of a U.S. general is flapping down to a. landing on black eagle wings, two rockets: strapped to his back and two more on his feet like witch shoes. Below is a tiny island brise. Uing with more rockels and with GIs.

The island is labeled Diego Garcia; and the line underneath the cartoon reads: "Nesting ground of the Pentagon." (Diego Garcia is the and prolonged attention here to the firm anni-British-owned island out in the Indian Ocean. versary of their own treaty of friendship with where - by agreement with the British - the India. U.S. is developing navel and air facilities )

The Prayda cartoon is a symptom of the

Great-power rivalry in the Persian Gulf and the Indian Ocean has Intensified since the British withdrew from east of Suez. Russians and Americans each other strategically (left): and even Western allies vie for arms deals (right).

growing Soviet concern with U.S. diplomatic, conomic, and military elforts to strengthen American Influence in the Indian Occan, across which lie the world's key oil supply

The cartoon appeared just as Secretary Kissinger ended his visit to the Persian Gulf region, which is linked with the Indian Ocean in

strategic significance.
As Dr. Kissinger met with Pakistani leader
Zulfikar Ali Bhutto, the Russians drew loud
and prolonged attention here to the lifth anni-

India. As Dr. Kissinger announced new arms and \*Please turn to Page 14

### **British** arms for Iran-oil?

Britsin seems to be following the American example in bartering sophisticated weaponry

verge of being completed, Added to other items, principally Chlettain

with Iran in the works.
The British deal is modest compared to the

\*Please turn to Page 14

### lan Smith: why he acted as he did

By Geolfrey Godsell Overseas news editor of

In deliberately escalating the war against African guerrillas and their patron, neighbor-ing Mozambique, Rhodesian Prime Minister Ian Smith is making a point in three directions

1. To the U.S. (and Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger in particular) — that the war may soon get out of hand and invite Soviet and Cuban intervention unless the U.S. quickly gets into the act at least diplomatically to help Rhodésia's whites.

2. To the guerrillas and to Mozambique, which provides them with sanctuary and support - that white Rhodesians have the power and will be to clobber them if they go too far.

3. To Rhodesia's while minority, outnumbered more than 20 to 1 by blacks - that their Prime Minister has not lost his will to maintain white supremacy and to resist pressure of any kind from inside or outside to turn. the government over to blacks now or in the

Among many whites in the Rhodesian capital, the reaction to the retaliatory raid Sunday. August 8, on a guerrilla camp inside Mozamblove was reported by Reuter to be jubilent. In that raid (news of which was withheld by the Rhodesian authorities until Tuesday) 300 guerrillas were reported killed, along with 30 Mozambican soldiers and 10 Mozambican civillans

sold to have been supporting the guerrillas. In terms of casualties inflicted, this was by far the biggest operation mounted by the Rhoesian forces against the guerrillas on either side of the border.

Mozambique has so far made no public reference to the attack. But early Wednesday for Iranian oil.

A three-way deal between two British companies and the frankan Government to ex- had been lired from Mozambique and are change oil for the Rapter missile is on the being intorpreted as Mozambique's response to the Rhodeslans' Sunday raid, Nobody was reported hurt in Umtall but property was damand Scorpion tanks, total British arms sales to aged. The Sunday action is believed to have france, Britain's peighbor and commercial by mortars on a Rhodesian frontier camp the rival, has an oil-for industrial equipment deal day before in which four white Rhodesian soldiers were killed

The official statement in Salisbury announc-American one. Shell is contracting to buy ing the Sunday operation included this pas-17,000 barrels of oil per day from Tran, increase sage: "In the absence of any restraining in-ing to 20,000 barrels per day after the first six. Increase from the outside world, Rhodesia has had no option but to strike at centers of orga-

+Please turn to Page 14



CHIMPS IN DANGER. For every baby chimp imported into the U.S. for 200s or labs about five mother chimpanzees are killed. By labelling them a "threatened species," the U.S. hopes to cut down imports by two-thirds. Page 24.

GROWING UP IN KOREA. A young Korean remembors about her childhood and talks about her life in a way that will appeal to children as well as



LIFE ALONG THE NILE. A crowded, frugal, primitive life is still the lot of the Egyptian peasant living along the Nile valley. But in the Delta, the farmer is moving smoothly and rapidly into the 20th century. Richard Critchfield discusses why this is.

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### FOCUS

### German ingenuity vs. terrorists

By David Mutch

Some policemen in West Berlin like to play with puppets — as part of their job. They dress life-size puppets to look like

terrorists that are being sought. Then they tie the puppets to a light pole on a main street and use a loudspeaker in a police van to enlist citizens in the hunt. And they offer sizable rewards

They also display large mug shots of wanted terrorists pasted on the sides of the ven. And they use such languages as Turkish and Serbo-Croatian in foreign-worker

Enlisting the public works, the police have found. Recently two escaped terrorists, Rolf Pohle and Monika Berberich, were caught because citizens tipped the po-

Pohle, captured in Athens, had been free since March, 1975, when released from prison with others in exchange for a kidnapped West Berlin politician. A German citizen on vacation in Greece spotted him. Pohle had been convicted as chief weapons producer for the Baader-Meinhof gang, whose leaders are on trial at Stuttgart.

Monika Berberich, one of the four women who early in July escaped from a West Berlin prison, was captured in the city after a citizen spotted her and alcrted the police. The other three women are still free, as are Pohle's partners from prison.

These efforts have been praised here, but some of the German ingenuity in dealing with terrorists is more controversial. For example, the West German Parliament passed a new anti-terrorist law July 30 that was a hotly fought political issue in this election year.

The law's most controversial provision now permits written material between an imprisoned terrorist and his attorney to be read by officials if collusion to commit a new crime is suspected. The supervision would have to be approved by a judge.

The law is aimed specifically at a small group of radical attorneys.

#### Provision defeated

The Social Democrat-Free Democrat coalition government's Minister of Justice, Hans-Jochen Vogel, had twice introduced versions of this law that would also have permitted personal supervision or "monitor ing" of attorney-client conversations,

The opposition Christian Democrate (CDU) favored this provision. But the like eral wing of the condition was successful in having the personal supervision of conversations removed from the bill.

The upper house, controlled by the CDU almost killed the whole bill because of this excision, but finally bought "half a loaf" The CDU has promised to reintroduce the provision if it wins the national elections scheduled for Oct. 3.

An attack last year on the West German Embassy in Stockholm, police say, was partly planned in prison. Police also say they have 900 documents indicating collsion between imprisoned terrorists and their attorneys.

The German lawyers' association oppose the supervision clause of the law on ground that it violates a keystone of justice - with leged communication.

Meanwhile, the Greek attorney of convicted terrorist Pohle has asked the be granted political asylum in the car of his choice. The extradition process a go on for five more weeks.

There are reports that Greek official P suspect that Pohle and his partners helped plan the hijacking at the end of June of an Air France plane from Athens to Entebbe, Uganda. The Greek police are hunting for the other terrorists involved who now are thought to be in Greece.

#### Employment: good/bad news from Britain By Francis Renny

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

There are fewer strikes in Britain than at any time since Queen Elizabeth II came to the throne. At the same time Britain has the highest unemployment rate in Europe, and may expect to see it go still higher following Chancellor Dennis Healey's cuts in public spending.

These latest Good News/Bad News facts are closely linked. Economists can't help wondering whether an eventual lowering of the unemployment rate may not be accompanied by a return to the bad old days of strike-bound

The good news is, though, that the number of sirikes in the first half of this year was the lowest for any comparable period since 1953. There were 955, and the number of working days lost in them was about one-and-a-half million - the lowest since 1967. The first-half total for this year was also 60 percent down on the first half of 1975.

Very few classes of industry showed any worsening of labor relations. Some notoriously militant industries showed a dramatic improvement. Time lost in the motor-production industry better than halved. In engineering, losses were only a quarter those of early 1975. In the docks, only a few thousand days were lost — compared with more than 300,000. Strikes about wages were down considerably

Appearant action of the second section s any given address.

Advertising lates given an application, White endeavoring to true that some of the worse paid workers in accord only reliable advertisements. The Christian Science Pub.

British Industry get almost as much in its ment to reserve the public for advertisements, and the right to dealine or discontinue any advertise the reserved.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ing. Dut the skilled workers, who have most to lose if they are out of work, are now giving the lead against throwing jobs away. An article in the official Department of Em-

ployment Gazette shows just how badly off for to reduce government spending on the work Britain is, compared with the rest of Eu-services by making companies bear mail rope. Applying the more realistic formula used the load in the form of higher Nalional is in the United States to measure unemploy-ment, the Gazette rates unemployment in Brit-they say, increase the burden of unemployain at 4.9 percent last year (it would certainly ment by making employers unwilling bits be higher today). The rate in France, by the on extra men. And employers will have any same standards, was 4.3 percent, that in West the extra insurance contributions from and Sweden 1.6 percent.

What makes this especially grim is the forecast made by the Deputy Chief Economic Adviser to the Treasury, Mr. Michael Posner, to pect Mr. Healey dreamed up the higher comthe House of Commons Expenditure Committee. Mr. Healey had estimated that the that the bosses were being squeezed to the £2,000 million of spending cuts and extra insur- a (ew weeks earlier, the Chancellor had be ance contributions he had announced would talking as if he understood that compare mean 60,000 fewer jobs by early 1978. Mr. Pos-needed to keep more money in order to he ner made calculations which produced a total more jobs. of at least 150,000 fewer jobs.

commissioned paper questioning the Chan-cellor's assumption that unemployment would workers. It seems untilicity that Mr. Called start to decline before the end of this year. — a far more ruthless leader than St. If the paper asserted that it was more likely wilson—is doing that deliberately. But there would be no significant decline at all up at the parallel figures for diminishing and to the end of the year following.

press upon Mr. Healey that his idea of trying way anyhow.

Germany 3.9 percent, Italy only 3.3 percent profits, thus diverting money away capital investment the country needs

Industrialists are exasperated by what a

Labour's left wing is talking once man The Committee also had before it a specially the government's "Tory tactics" is and rising unemployment, one case Britain's employers have been trying to im- wondering whether things are works



Shipyard workers take time off for lunch .- but less time out for strikes

Air travel

## Britain wants a bigger share

By David T. Cook Business and financial correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Consumers' future European travel options will be shaped by upcoming negotiations between British and American officials.

Next month representatives of the two nations will meet in London and begin hammering out a pact to roplace the Bermuda Bilateral Agreement which for 30 years has governed air travel between the two countries.

The Bermuda agreement regulates routes and fares between the United States and Britain, but allows individual airlines to decide how many planes to use on the popular route.

As a result of Britain's decision to withdraw from the pact next June, the U.S. will likely be pressured to revise the terms of more than 60 pacts it has governing air travel with other nations. Italy and Japan are expected to be among the first to seek air-travel agreements less favorable to the U.S.

Britain's basic goals in the forthcoming London talks are to get an equal share of the traffic on the U.S.-Britain route and to cut the number of flights so 70 percent of the seats on state-owned British Alrways are filled between the U.S. and Britain. This summer British Airways has had 60 percent of its seats filled on the Atlantic route.

The British contend Trans World Airlines (TWA) and Pan American World Airways (Pan Am) - both major U.S. lines - get two and a half times as much gross revenue on the North Atlantic as does British Airways. Other observers put the traffic split at 65 to 35 in favor of

By Stewart Dill Mc Bride

Staff writer of

The Christian Science Monitor

To the French adage: "You must lose a min-

now to catch a salmon," underwater scientists

at Scotland's Loch Noss have added a Highland

twist - "You must find a salmon to catch a

monster." And those days finding salmon in

the lake's dark depths is almost as difficult as

Britain's summer drought - said to be the

worst in 200 years - has curlously stalled

salmon spawning, and consequently the search

land has kept the Ness River so low that time this fall.

finding its clusive sea monster, "Nessie."

for the Loch Ness monster.

Loch Ness monster goes hungry



Whatever the precise traffic figures, the British view as stated by Secretary of State for Trade Edmund Dell, is, "It has been evident for some time that the benefits the agreement confers on the U.S. are much in excess of those gained by us."

At least part of the British desire to equalize traffic and to cut back on flights is the \$19 million loss British Alrways is expected to announce later this month for the (iscal year which ended in March.

Last year TWA and Pan Am lost \$6.2 million and \$12.4 million, respectively, on European operations, But industry observers say British Airways, Pan Am, and TWA all make money on the U.S. Britain route while losing it on even, more competitive routes to other European nations.

swim from the ocean into Loch Ness and their

Salmon and sea trout had traditionally been

the "bait" used to lure "Nessie" into photo

sessions with the underwater cameras, A team

of scientists spent the last several months in-

stalling an automatic, sonar-triggorod under-

water camera near the mouth of the river

where the salmon and hungry Nessie are

During the two-day salmon run (which nor-

thought to hang out, said Dr. Rines.

spawning ground.

fied position going into the London air travel negotiations. In hammering out a position, "What is desperately needed is focus and continuity," notes Civil Aeronautics board chairman John E. Robson.

One main issue dividing the U.S. Government is whether U.S. airlines international operations should be given an anti-trust law exemption to enable the lines to more freely engincer capacity-reduction agreements. The departments of Transportation, State, Commerce, and Defense think so. The Justice Department and the President's Council of Economic Advisors think not.

In the absence of any cohesive policy, the State Department is expected to handle the bulk of the negotiations. In the past the depart-

The U.S. Government does not have a uniment has tended to be more concerned about good diplomatic relations with an individual airline's financial health.

**Europe** 

But both the State and Transportation departments do not support the Civil Aeronautics Board's recent recommendation to President Ford that two new airlines - Delta Airlines and Northwest Airlines - be given routes between the U.S. and Britain. As a State Department official notes,"Excess capacity is bringing us to rulnation."

How the air-travel negotiations affect U.S.-London travel - and eventually travel between the U.S. and other nations with pacts based on the old Bormuda agreement - will not be clear for some time. U.S.-British talks will start Sept. 9 and are expected to last into 1977.

### Powell: power to be reckoned with

By Takashi Oka Staff correspondent of

The Christian Science Monitor Enoch Powell, flamboyant politician popularly identified with racism in Britain, played a

decisive role in two general elections and could influence the next election even more heavily. This is the chilling conclusion presented by two Oxford scholars, R. W. Johnson and

Douglas Schoen, in an article in the weekly New Society.

Mr. Powell has been a political outcast since he deserted his own Conservative Party and urged his supporters to vote the Labour ticket in the two general elections of 1974. He foresees little prospect of a reconciliation with the Conservatives under Margaret Thatcher, and his opposition to the Labour government's immigration policies makes him anothema to both the moderate and leftist wings of the Labour Party.

Yet Mr. Johnson and Mr. Schoen conclude that one-sixth of the electorate has been Powellite since his famous 1968 speech predicting "rivers of blood" on the immigration issue. With radial tensions exagerbated by rising interfloyment, Mr. Powell's popularity seems

mally runs a full month) this summer, the so-par detected the movement of the total to the sea creatures," but none came close enough to to be reaching new heights. "If Enoch Powell was speaking in the House be photographed, he added. Because of the ing to a journalist in a crowded House of Com- ropean Common Market, which he opposed. He According to Dr. Robert Rines, a Boston at- lack of "bait" the search has been scaled down torney heading up the highly publicized 1976 for the summer, says Dr. Rines, who returned mons dining room, "this place would empty in advised his supporters to vote for Labour. Academy of Applied Sciences/New York to Boston recently where he will practice law a flash. Everyone would be going up there to. Again, Mr. Johnson and Mr. Schoen found, Mr. Times expedition, the dearth of rain in Scot- until the salmon begin to spawn again somehear, him."

ting into logical form the misgivings and prejudices of others," writes Geoffrey Smith of the Times. He also is one of Britain's most powerful and compelling orators and is a master of parliamentary tactics.

Currently he sits in the House of Commons for a Northern Ireland seat. He has strongly influenced the small but important bloc of votes represented by the 10 Ulster Uniouists among whom he sits. The Unionists have been traditionally allied with the Conservatives, but Mr. Powell has been advising them to play a tactical game, sometimes voting with the Conservatives; sometimes, as when Labour promised them concessions over the shipbuilding nationalization bill, with the Labour government. Such an irritant has he become to the Conservatives that they are said to be secretly trying to get the Unionists to dump him at the next

Mr. Johnson and Mr. Schoen conclude, from an analysis of election data, that in 1970 Mr. Powell influenced enough voters for the Conservatives to unseat the Labour administration then beaded by Harold Wilson. This was in split of the fact that Conservative leader Edward Heath has satked Mr. Powell as defense. spokesman after his 1968 speech.

In 1974, Mr. Powell broke with the Conserva-Powell's influence was decisive.

### Does W. Berlin belong in European Parliament? No, say Soviets

Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

are convinced West Berlin will be represented

and France in Moscow, saying West Berlin is, members would be appointed by the elected participation would be a "gross violation" of West Berlin Parliament rather than being the 1971 four-power Berlin agreement.

Although details are still being worked on, the nine European Community nations expect by 1978 to directly elect their presently ap-American and West German sources here Strasbourg.
The convinced West Berlin will be represented Representatives from the three Western

in the planned directly elected European Par World War II allies and West Germany agreed liament despite Soviet objections. See December that West Berlih could be repliament despite Soviet objections.

The Soviet Union on Aug. 3 handed a note to resented in 1978 in the way it is now repretible ambassadors of the United States, Britain, sented in the West German Parliament. That elected directly by the West Berlin population.

status of Berlin has never been finally repower agreement on the city was to solve practical problems of access to the city for Westerners.

There was no mention in the Soviet note that

The Soviet note is another reminder that the this, short of military actions But the allies do make declaimers to help

solved. The main achievement of the 1971 four-i preserve the legal status of greater Berlin. There was a long and technical struggle at the UN a year ago about the definition of the status of East Borlin, for example.

West Berlin is presently part of the EC or West Berlin is already represented in the ap. Common Market and its political structure. So pointed European Parliament in Strasbourg, including West Berlin in an elected European in many ways East Berlin has been in Parliament would be only a continuation of tegrated into the Eastern economic and politic existing conditions, an American source said: cal systems. For obvious geographic reasons. The Soviets agreed to this in signing the 1971-the Western afties have not been able to stop. four power agreement, the source added.

# **Europe**

## **Ulster's** tangled web of terror

By Jonathan Harsch Special correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Northern Ireland's conflict rests on a boobytrapped web of contradictions.

This was never more clear than early Aug. 9 when a Roman Catholic mob attacked the Belfast home of the province's leading Roman Catholic politician, Gerry Fitt, long-established member of the British Parliament at West-

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Bishop Daly argues instead that continued violence means continued suffering for all in Ireland. He maintains that in the past violence was justified by the need to oppose foreign forces, while at the present time the conflict is a purely internal one.

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But just as clearly, with all sides predict a rise in such IRA attacks in the weeks and the ordinary citizens of Northern Irelates disturbed by what appears to be British ability to control the situation.

# <u> atin America</u>

Mexico's runaways shipped home

By James Nelson Goodsell Latin America correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

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"They just pushed me across the bridge and into the hands of Mexican officials at Cludad Juárez," he said as he discussed his two weeks in the United States.

Javier grew up in the slums of Guadalajara, Mexico's second city, and "always hoped to go to the United States."

Why? "That's obvious. It offers a job and opportunity," the young man replied rapidly. "Even for a person like me without any skills, the United States is a place where I can get ahead." When he crossed the U.S. Mexican border at El Paso last

May 12, Javier joined a flood of some 50,000 Mexicans who try illegully to enter the United States each week. Perhaps as many as 10,000 eventually are seized, as Javier

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In many ways, the flow of filegal immigrants is a safety valve for Mexico, which is beset by a staggering population spiral that increases its population by more than 2 million persons a year. More than half of Mexico's population is under 15. Although the United States is nudging the Mexican Government to enter into negotiations on a treaty to govern the mi-

grant problem, Mexico has been in no great hurry to move into "We know it is a problem for the United States," a Mexican

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international bridge separating the twin cities of El Paso and Ciudad Juarez.

For other Mexicans, in recent weeks the return has been by air, as part of an experimental \$2 million airlift organized by the Immigration and Naturalization Service. Using available space aboard U.S. commercial flights to interior Mexican cities, close to 20,000 aliens will be returned home by air by the end of September. The United States pay the fares.

The idea is to get the apprehended Mexicans away from the border, for at least 70 percent would try again to enter the U.S. Immigration people hope that the aliens will be discouraged from journeying back to the border.

"That wouldn't stop me," Javier Lopez said. He plans to try again to get as far as Chicago "where I have an uncle. And once I'm there, I think I can blond into the Mexican community in Chicago. It's just that problem of getting caught in Texas or anywhere along the border.

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limmigration officials not only keep an eye on the border itself, but also range inland about 100 miles. They use sophislicated devices like battery-operated sensors that can pick up human footsteps or other vibrations up to a range of 75 yards. Spotter planes are sent up in the daytime, and at night

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There is considerable criticism of U.S. tactics from the Mexican side of the border. Mexico City newspapers in late July took issue with the airlift program, for example, calling it

The Mexican Government accepted the airlift plan, however, and aliens who are singled out for return see Mexican consuls in U.S. cities before they leave to safeguard their

UNITED STATES SORDER INSPECTION STATION HOGALES. ARIZONA



Mexicans leave a border station

One Mexico City paper took a different tack: El Sol said the problem was strictly a Mexican one and should be solved by Mexico "by creating new sources of work and encouragement

that will prevent emigration."

That solution eludes Mexican governments — faced as they are with spiraling inflation. Pressed on the issue, Presidentelect José López Portillo said recently that U.S.-Mexican talks on the whole migration problem "would be welcome." He added he may try to initiate them, but he did not promise to do

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Schmidt an edge on popularity

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The U.S. seems to be taking off politically after Vietnam and Watergate. But West Germany is plodding ponderously.
West Germans are questioning whether the government has
not granted too many social benefits and strained the Treasury. They are worried about the Communists in Italy. They wonder why the Soviet Union has been so caustic lately in its comments directed at Bonn.

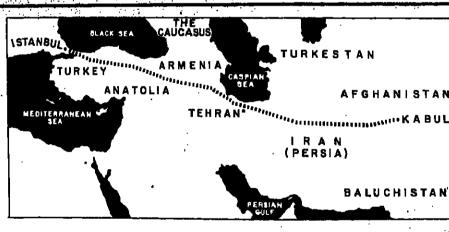
And they are not sure what kind of a government they want

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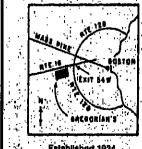
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# 'The party's over,' Portugese PM tells the people

Lisben Portugal's new Prime Min-tater Mario Soares has deliviered this message to the Por-

tuguese people, "You have had your tun boys. Now you have to pay for it with hard work and don't expect to be paid too wall for your labor." Outlining his government's

program to the logislative assembly, Mr. Source said. workers, who have been takng over factories and either purging their owners or tak-ing their hostages, to press their demands, would either have to step into line volun-

Promises made

for the rest of the population, he promised stabilized basic food prices, 65,000 new houses every year for the next four years, and recovery from spiraling inflation unamployment, and lawless ness in the streets.

In exchange, he demanded they accept forced savings. low wage increases, and higher taxes under a farreaching austerity program.

It was a tough program even for supporters of his

The Communists were parlicularly incensed by his facit

plied with a warning of rough times ahead for the govern-ment from the working .class."

Economy cited

The shifty of the Communists and the far Left to carry out this threat could be the first and biggest test for this country's first domberatic government in half a sentury. But with most factories closed for the August vacation, there is liftle possibility of any campaign, being mointed from this direction before mid-autumn.

Socialists say Mr. Soares would have proferred to un. vell his Cabinot with a pro-

ielgn - wallit be invited to re-turn to Portugal. He stressed

to work on and wait out such problems. Opinion polls shart margin of undecided voters of up to 19 percent. To add to the uncertainty, the countable vote shows and

situation — almost 50-50 between the present coalition of Soul Democrats (SPD) and Free Democrats (FDP) on the hand and the Christian Democrats (CDU) on the other. No wonder the parties have chosen broadside slogans. Popposition Christian Democrats say the choice is clear.

tween "freedom or socialism." The coalition in power is years says simply: Vote for "Germany the model state." There are two potential surprises. One is that the Chillip Democrats could squeak out a majority, which would be in

The other surprise would be a switch back to the COUNTY the small Free Democrats. Officially there is and can be talk of this now. But certain vote percentages in the election could push things in that direction.

A top FDP spokesman told this newspaper: "It harder to govern in a coalition with the SPD in the full harder to govern in a coalition with the SPD in the full harder to govern in a coalition with the SPD in the full harder to govern in a coalition with the SPD in the full harder to govern in a coalition with the SPD in the full harder to govern in a coalition with the SPD in the full harder to govern in a coalition with the SPD in the full harder to govern in a coalition with the SPD in the full harder to govern in a coalition with the SPD in the full harder to govern in a coalition with the SPD in the full harder to govern in a coalition with the SPD in the full harder to govern in a coalition with the SPD in the full harder to govern in a coalition with the SPD in the full harder to govern in a coalition with the SPD in the full harder to govern in a coalition with the specific harder to govern in a coalition with the specific harder to govern in a coalition with the specific harder to govern in a coalition with the specific harder to govern in a coalition with the specific harder to govern in a coalition with the specific harder to govern in a coalition with the specific harder to govern the specific harder the specific harder to govern the specific harder the specific har it has been during the last four years." Specific modes where there could be conflict, he said, are pension and pension for insurance reform, increasing health costs rovement of sagging state finances.

But this same spokesman said the SPD has been a "fair". partner in coalition, whereas the CDU was often "unfair." The FDP new controls the Foreign Ministry, the Economic

Mr. Soares said, no more factories would be nation alized and that private investors — poth local and for long would be invited to re-

than to Portugal. He stressed that nations, like the United States and West Germany, who have been helping the constructions of the Buropean Community and to the idea of a free, United Buropean Community and to the idea of a free, United Buropean Community and to the idea of a free, United Buropean Community and to the idea of a free, United Buropean Community and to the idea of a free, United Buropean Community and to the idea of a free, United Buropean Community and to the idea of a free, United Buropean Community and to the idea of a free, United Buropean Community and to the idea of a free of the idea of

States and West Germany the European Community and to the idea of a country through its rocky pevolution, would be repaid Dietrich Genscher, who also is Foreign Minister, have already toughened up their stand vis. a-vis. Moscow and said this would mean a new viet Union and Eastern Europe only by degrees since detents a consequently of the strategic is after all intertwining with the foreign and defense policies of said this would mean a new agreement over the strategic is after all intertwined with the foreign and defense policies of all the daily the house in the Azbres, whose inture has been in doubt for the bast two years.

Sorbe observers feel it would be a good test of German de mocracy to have the opposition take over and adjust to the new world scene after being out of power since 1969.

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### Drug dealer arrested

By the Associated Press

Mexico City Mexican authorities have captured the country's most important drug dealer, a man they say has been one of the major suppliers of heroin and cocaine to the United States.

The arrest of Jorge Favela Escobosa occurred August 6 but announcement was delayed until five of the man's lieutenants could be arrested in other parts of Mexico, the foderal attorney general's office said.

Alejandro Gerts Manero, chief of the drug control section of the attorney general's office, said Favela was closing a deal worth \$1.6 million when he was arrested in a Mexico City suburb. The drugs he was selling, 35 pounds of cocaine and six fiscated when the band's delivery man was arrested in Tijuano, Mr. Gerts said

The federal official said Favela is wanted in several American states, Most of his drug shipments were directed to Chicago, Mr. Gerts said.



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THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

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UNITED STATES BORDER INSPECTION STATION HOGALES, ARIZONA

Mexicans leave a border station

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AFGHANISTAN

BALUCHISTAN

(PERSIA)

# W. German elections: there could be a few surprises



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Special to

The Christian Science

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Economy cited

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it has been during the last four years." Specific powers there could be conflict, he said, are pensionally insurance reform, increasing health costs, a provement of sagging state finances. But this same spokesman said the SPD has been a "lair!"

The party's over, Portugese PM tells the people partner in coalition, whereas the CDU was often "untair." The the police. Rural workers gained labor movement one but that the crumbling land faced the same from their hards. They re- economy removed that option. Should it come to negotiations, it is doubted the GDU could

offer as much in this direction as the SPD.

Chancellor Helmut Schmidt (SPD), has the edge on popularity. But in the past months the CDU candidate, Halmut Kohi, has been catching up. He can say the popularity gap is actually smaller now than in any other previous election battle

in West Germany, A change to Mr. Kohl probably would not bring drastic changes in West Germany's foreign policy. Like Mr. Schmidt, he and his party are highy loyal to NATO, the United States to the European Community and to the idea of a free, United Eu-

who have been helpling the country through its rocky revolution would be rebaid. The Schmidt government, and especially FDP leader Hans with closer ties.

The Schmidt government, and especially FDP leader Hans District Genscher, who also is Foreign Minister, have already considerably toughened up their stand vis avis Moscow and sail this would mean a new agreement over the strategic American air base in the Azores, whose future has Some chestwife that the foreign and defense policies of all the major Western countries.

Azores, whose future has Some observers feel it would be a good test of German debean in doubt for the past two mocracy to have the opposition take over and adjust to the years.

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#### Drug dealer arrested

By the Associated Press

Mexico City Mexican authorities have captured the country's most important drug dealer, a man they say has been one of the major suppliers of heroin and cocaine to the United States.

The arrest of Jorge Favela Escobosa occurred August 6 but announcement was delayed until five of the man's licutenants could be arrested in other parts of Mexico, the federal attorney general's of-... lice said.

Alejandro Gerts Manero. chief of the drug control section of the attorney general's office, said Favela was closing a deal worth \$1.6 million when he was arrested in a Mckico City suburb. The drugs he was selling, 35 pounds of cocaine and aix liscated when the band's delivery man was arrested in . Tijuana, Mr. Gerts said.

The federal official said Favela is wanted in several American states. Most of his drug shipmonts were directed ... to Chicago, Mr. Gerta said.





By Godfrey Sperling Jr. Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Republican race for the presidential nomiblow. "They're beginning to rationalize that nation around: The President still seems this was simply something that Reagan had to ahead, but his inability to take full advantage do to win this fall - and they're sticking with of the Reagan vice-presidential choice means him." the outcome now could go either way, observers note.

"We fully expected to have it locked up within a week after Reagan shocked the delegates with his choice of [Pennsylvania's Sen. Richard W.] Schweiker," a White House aide admitted. "But it didn't happen. So now we will have to win by a squeaker."
A veteran Republican leader, who played an

important role at the 1952 convention which mininated Dwight Eisenhower, puts it this way: "It was a procedural victory at that convention that let lke come from behind and beat fOhlo's Sen. Robert | Taft. A procedural win here for Reagan might be just enough to give him the momentum he needs to win. After all, Reagan's closer to Ford than Eisenhower was

Asked to explain why the President and his campaign organization had been unable to oust were sounding as though it was all over - that Reagan from contention when stunned Reagan- they had given up. ites over the nation were reeling from the an- But that phase is over. The Reaganites nov nouncement that liberal Schweiker would be are back in the race. It appears it will be a Reagan's running mate, a top-level Ford struggle right up to the moment on the conworker here gave this explanation:

"It was partly a matter of organization. We the 1.130 votes needed to clinch the nomi

tor Schweiker was "not quick enough." "Now," he said, "the Reagan delegates and Kansus City, Missouri those uncommitted delegates who were leaning A Ford miscalculation may have turned the toward Reagan" have recovered from the

Another Ford campaign worker says he is convinced that most of the 100 or so uncommitted delegates are "leaning toward Ford" but that "they see no reason to commit themselves at this point." "I've talked to a lot of them," he said.

"They say they want to wait and see. They know how close things are now, and they want to be in a position to climb aboard with the winner at the convention."

The Reagan people here at these preconvention platform, rules, and credential meetings seem confident they will be able to come from behind and win. really didn't put out the organizational effort

necessary to get the job done right." Only a relatively few days ago - after the Schwelker incident - many Reagan supporters

vention floor when either Reagan or Ford gots

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# Nomination: why Ford didn't have it all buttoned up

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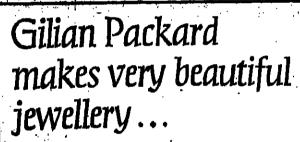
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By June Goodwin

Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Genuine independence for Namibla (South-

the constitutional conference here could wrest

But plans to set up a multiracial interim gov-

ernment for the territory will not solve the is-

sue so long as the initiative remains with the

Also for a viable solution the biggest black

nationalist group, the South-West African People's Organization (SWAPO), must become

involved in the negotiations. Currently SWAPO

Reports that contact is soon to be made with

the United Nations - through a trip by several

control of the talks from the whites.

ruling white National Party.

is excluded from the conference.

Windhoek, Nambia

# THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONTY:

### Black pressure puts the pinch on South Africa's economy

**Africa** 

By June Goodwin

Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Cape Town A tremendous ferment is going on in the thinking of South Africa's whites both within and without the ruling Nationalist

The ferment is sparked not so much by the rioting in Soweto and other black townships as by the fact that for the first time the disturbances have begun to hart the economy.

Students who have taken part in the recent outbursts of rioting in Soweto have forced as many as 50 percent of black workers to stay away from their work in Johannesburg, the coun-

South Africans are more sensitive about their economy than about anything else.

The English-speaking author, Alan Paton, who wrote the book "Cry, the Beloved Country," said in a recent newspaper article that the Afrikaners (the whites of Dutch descent) might fail to defuse the blacks' dissent because they cannot even take the first step of listening to the blacks' complaints.

Then later, Minister of Justice James T. Kruger said the government will not turn a deaf ear to black grievances." But he refused to meet cither with the black youths of Soweto or the Black Parents' Association (BPA), which holds a list of the youths' grievances. He would, he said, meet only with "responsible" people, presumably men on the Urban Bantu Counclls (UBC), which the youths have rejected as puppets of the white government of Prime Minister John Vorster.

.This kind of talk by aides to the Prime Minister can only complicate the situation further. Mr. Vorster himself has remained quiet.

Although many observers say Mr. Vorster could muster a strong white following for more liberal policies on black affairs, that might mean he would split Afrikanerdom, something no prime minister has dared do since Jan Smuts, the country's famous pro-British Afrikaner leader who was Prime Minister from 1919 to 1924 and from 1939 to 1948.

But the government is hearing calls for change from Afrikaners who have in the past toed the line of apartheid (legalized

Prof. Dreyer Kruger, who said, "I have no desire . . . to be



By Gordon N. Converse, chief photo

#### When black buses slow down, so does South African economy

anything other than an Afrikaner," in a moving speech to an Afrikaans-speaking group two weeks ago, questioned if the Afrikaner is not doomed because of his insensitivity and his hard

National Party Member of Parliament Louis Nei has called for a new deal for urban blacks, even for home ownership in the townships. At present, home ownership there, which goes to the heart of the black unrest, has not been allowed because Soweto is technically a "white" area. Rights to home ownership are limited to the economically much poorer black iomelands far away.

M. C. Botha, the right-wing Minister of the Bantu Administration, said the government has been planning changes that will give blacks more say in their affairs. But he did not go

The internal pressure caused by continuing black unreats only one of the pressures on the South African Government. Other troubles are: the country's current inflation, the total collapse of detente with black African states (although and Pa per recently said the Minister of Interior and Interior. C. P. Mulder, made contacts with black states during his recent vacation in Canada), the fall in the price of gold, the proaching United Nations deadline on the issue of indepen dence for Namibia (South-West Africa), the almost total oster cism of South Africa from international sports, and the confin ing guerrilla fighting in white-ruled Rhodesia.

For a long time now time has been running out like sand a an hourglass in southern Africa. Whether the Afrikaner cas learn to show an unexpected adaptability and turn the how glass over is the question.

# 'We are all detainees now,' says Rhodesian press

Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Unless and until white Rhodesians accept the principle of an early transition to black majority rule, no Anglo-American plan for a Rhodesian solution can or will be implemented.

This is the joint attitude of the United States and Britain in the face of what look like Rhodesian attempts to drive a wedge between the two.

Prime Minister James Callaghan told a BBC interviewer recently that he was still hopeful that "My policy and American power" could help bring about a Rhodeslan settlement. But time continues to run out. There is no disposition to lift a finger to help len Smith's minority white regime until that regime accepts Mr. Callignan's plan = 18, the modification of March 22 insighting on a majority rule in two years lime.

Mr. Smith's demand for direct talks with the United States

expressed in a speech August 5, is being taken here as an effort to make an end run around the British. It is not going to

Klasinger agreement cited

U.S. Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger, who saw Mr. Callaghan here August 5 on his way to Iran and Pakistan has reportedly agreed with the British assessment that prospects of avoiding a racial war in Rhodesia are very slim and that in any case it would be fulle to talk to the Smith regime unless and with there is an irontiad assurance from the latter that it will accept black majority rule.

Britain, perhaps, insists more on this condition than does the United States because of souring previous experiences with the Smith regime. Time and again talks seemed to be leading somewhere, only to founder on the regime's intranspeance over retaining all substantive power in its fown pands liven Sould African Prime Minister John Varster is represented as being bitterly distilusioned with Mr. Smith on this score.

The so-called "safety net," a fund to compansate Rhodeslan say will amount to about half a billion dollars.



Washington has emphasized that it will help compenses whites who may wish to leave once black majority rule been established. London gives greater emphasis to the leave that the fund will aid whites who wish to stay on.

A black Rhodesian regime will require the ku white civil servants, teachers, and businessmen in the rule b to come, once the transition from minority to agreed on. The safety net fund, in London in Rhodese primarily to make it easier for whites the safety or in Rhodese and to contribute to the development of the country's rich, riculture-based economy.

Meshwalle, official sources here point to a numb tors underlining the deteriorating situation in Rhodesia, factor which may push Mr. Smith toward meaningful negolation more persuasively than any new initiative by Washington of

The security situation worsens. There have been two bomb attacks in Salisbury Itself. Edward Sutton Pryce, deputy intrister in charge of security, says there will be 4,000 fully trained guerrillas by the end of September. "We anticipate that this is going to be one of the roughest years we have had," he said. The Salisbury-Umiali train no longer ruhs overnight because of the risk of sabotage. The call-up age for national service has been lowered from 17 to 16 years.

has been lowered from 17 to 16 years. In the first six months of this year, Rhodesia suffered a fet loss of 2,289 whites compared to a net gain of 1,890 in the same

period last year.

Emigrating white families can take with them only 895 Rho
desian pounds compared with 4,500 pounds before. The amount
allowed Rhodesians vacationing abroad has been cut from 358
Rhodesian pounds to 224 pounds.

We are all detainees now, commented the Rhodesian He

ward an attempt by the blacks to take the ini-

Given their political inexperience, the vigor with which the blacks and Coloreds are pushing for immediate independence comes as a West Africa) might be worked out if the black and Colored (mixed race) representatives at

Several basic hypocrisies about the constitutional conference could prove its undoing. One is the myth that South Africa has no power here. In fact the local National Party, which is part and parcel of the National Party of South Africa, called the conference and is trying to make sure it does not go too far.

A second hypocrisy is the contention by the white delegation that SWAPO cannot join the talks because no political parties are allowed. The three white delegates at the talks repre-

sent a political party, the National Party. The character of the politicians invo

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MONITOR RESPOND

Namibia: black power, but on white terms conference delegates to New York - point to- important in the small-town atmosphere of this

The man who is supposed to be the knight in shining armor is Dirk Mudge, a tall, handsome farmer who charms most whites and some blacks. Several blacks have said he is a racist, but most blacks think him more progressive than the other two while delegates.

prime minister of the interim government, while Chief Clemens Kapuuo of the Herero tribe would be provisional president.

There is a leadership problem among the blacks and Coloreds. Chief Kapuuo has been groomed by the whites, but he does not have the grasp of how to lead a country, according to people who have known him for years.

undu Kozongquizi, is considered by blacks and establish a multiracial party.

whites to be brilliant. He is "the most objective man, black or white, I have met," said a white South African journalist.

Mr. Kozongquizi, also a Herero, is a qualifled London lawyer. Except for him and the American lawyer Stuart Schwartz, the legal advisers to the conference are white South Af-

One man who consistently talks out against Mr. Mudge has been named as the likely apartheid and South Africa is the leader of the Colored delegation, A. J. F. Kloppers. He has had some impact, but the Coloreds represent only 3.8 percent of the population.

Most of the whites in Namibia do not seem to realize how drastic must be their effort to reject apartheid and South African control if they are to prevent bloodshed.

Bryan Olinn of the Federalist Party (white) is aware of the need for change. He told this By contrast his new legal advisor, Jarire- reporter that he wants as soon as possible to







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## Ford's two years as President

Polls show he failed to win public confidence

> Ry Poter C. Stuart Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Washington It was rare weather for the ninth of August in Washington - barely 80 degrees and crystalline air that lifted a long siege of stagnant

It was an even rater day for the nation, that Friday precisely two years ago - the lifting of the long siege of Watergate with the first resignation of a president.

Like milions of other Americans, Washingtonians spent the sunny lunch hour clustered around television sets watching an open-faced Midwesterner - whose flat voice and easy manner contrasted so sharply with the sonorous stiffness of his predecessor - take the oath of office as the 38th President.

"Our long national nightmare," Gerald R. Ford said in brief remarks afterward, "is

Well, not quite. Former Treasury Secretary John B. Connally went to court that day on charges of taking a bribe from the dairy industry. Former Senate Watergate committee member Edward J. Gurney (R) of Florida filed a motion on his own bribery, conspiracy, and perjury indictment. And speculation followed, Richard M., Nixon's 10:35 a.m., final flight in the "Spirit of '78" to San Clemente that he, too, might face criminal charges.

The new President seemed to little help the country shake off its "long national nightmare" a month later when he suddenly pardoned his predecessor of any Watergate crimes. After nearly two years of reflection,

> Staff writer of The Christian Science Monitor

Mrs. Blair Lee, wife of the Lt. Governor of

Maryland, has two vehicles at her disposal – a

300-horsepower sedan, and a 1.5 hp. moped.

And in a majority of cases the choice is

Why take out a gas hungry car, Mrs. Lee

contends, just to get a package of hamburger

buns at the corner store? In her case, the

choice is between a 14 m.p.g. car or a 150

Seeing the logic of this type of reasoning, Americans increasingly are turning to the little

motorized pedal bicycle (hence the term

moped) as an alternative form of trans-

The move accelerated, says Paul Zimmer

man, director of the Motorized Bicycle Associ-

simple, she says: The moped wins out.

m.p.g. moped.

Putt-putt is better than vroom-vroom



After two years: siege of White House has lifted but new President still struggles for acceptance

only 35 percent of Americans still tell Gallup polisters they approve of it.

And Mr. Ford continued to puzzle many by opposing some features of reforms to prevent future Watergates - including tighter campaign financing, overhauling the intelligence agencies, and a package of reforms spearheaded by former Senate Watergale committee chairman Sam J. Ervin Jr. (D) of North Carolina.

Yet somehow, by exuding sincerity, Mr. Ford helped people who wanted desperately to forget in two years shrinking Watergate to little more than an ugly memory. This achieve.

Ford's greatest falling of the people he leads.

"I am acutely awa ment ranks as perhaps his most lasting.

The former congressman even brought jocularity back to a long-static White House, and despite the not-so-funny fiasco of the WIN buttons, he breathed life back into the recessionridden American economy.

The annual gross national product under the Ford administration has grown from \$1.39 trillion to \$1.67 trillion.

Washington newspapers, which were filled with the news of the Ford succession, also advertised a fortuitously timely article in the then-current issue of the Atlantic Monthly entitled, "Ford: the Ike of the seventies." But two years later, this premature comparison with America's most popular postwar president only emphasizes what is perhaps Mr. Ford's greatest failing - to win the confidence

nonelected Vice-President confessed moments Ford-initiated legislation. And the largest after inheriting the presidency, "that you have House of Representatives minority leader have not elected me as your president by your ballots." But this awareness has failed to enable President with the third most veices over

took office to 39 percent.

His party's nomination - virtually automob for an incumbent president - still stubbonk eludes Mr. Ford.

Perhaps even more surprising, for a mant tored 25 years in Congress, is the President man," he told Congress, comradely, 10 days into his presidency. Two months later he be came the first sitting president called to testly

"I am acutely aware," the country's first been expected, has produced no meaning Mr. Ford to halt the plunge of his job-approval ridden by Congress (10) — just behind Ashref rating in the polls from 71 percent when he Johnson and Harry S. Truman.

### Living with less fuel: austerity measures could be in store

By Clayton Jones Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Washington Three years after the Arab oil embargo, an austerity plan drawn up by U.S. energy officlass would adjust Americans' "living patterns" if the oil spigot is shut off again.

No gasoline sold on weekends, colder rooms n winter and hotter in summer, parking lots closed up, and other drastic steps would be made mandatory by the Federal Energy Adninistration (FEA) - if Congress approves the contingency plan for energy conservation.

More vulnerable than ever to oil import cutoffs, America would lose a million jobs if anther embargo hit says FEA chief Frank

This move accelerated, says Paul Zimmerman, director of the Motoriced Bicycle Association, when states recombly began classifying the little vehicle he something less than a motorcycle—thus priceasing it from the costly registration and heavance requirements of the more powerful mechanics.

So, a compan form of transportation in Embarch and heavance requirements of the maly is coming as the U.S. A fact of both care working confined and heavance requirements of the past three decades it, and it is post war. Europe case the imperation of the machine kepf it, going from the past in past in past

travel and tourism industry and groups rem senting commuters.

The plan also could be used during other energy shortfalls such as retinery strikes for line sabotage, or supplying out to U.S. aller who are embargoed.

Five conservation plans suggested by FEA would cut U.S. energy usage by 3 to be great Gasoline rationing would be used go leum supplies fell 10 to 15 percent bent and mal levels. The five steps are

• Thermostat settings than the degrees is buildings could not be agree than the degrees is winter and no lower than 80 in summer.

Public parking lots, companies with and in the companies with the companies would have to reduce the number of parking spaces by large amounts. Each employer would have to operate carpool programs.

• Gas stations would be closed from noon Fridays to midnight Sunday in an effort to cut weekend driving - of which so percent is unrelated to employm

Emergency vehicles, taxis, government cars, farm equipment, and only those showing special hardship, such as traveling salesmen, would be allowed weekend gasoline purchases.

• Advertising signs with lights - "a conspicuous form of spergy consumption" - would be darkened in non-working hours and, according to FEA, "lend credence to the necessity for other energy conservation programs."

Oil-burning boilers for large puttings would come under strict efficiency and conservation regulation

Lockheed: clean hands don't help Japanese Communists

At first glance it would appear that the people who have the most to gain from the Lockheed scandal in Japan are the Commu-

Most independent observers accept the Communists' contention that theirs is the only party represented in the Diet (Parliament) not to have received some of the money that originally was paid in bribes to influential businessmen, politicians, and officials by the Lockheed

Staff correspondent of

The Christian Science Monitor

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

When the news of the Lockheed payoff broke carlier this year, it had the added advantage for the Communists of diverting public attention away from the efforts of another opposition party to discredit the Communists. The Democratic Socialist Party had attempted to destroy the reputation of Kenji Miyamoto, the the end of World War II. Communist Party chairman, by publicizing his role in the treatment of a suspected police informer who was killed in the course of interrogation by the Communists in the pre-World ish parties visited here earlier this year to ex-

In recent years, the Communists have made great efforts to project an image of reason-

power through elections and not through violence. They struck the concept of "violent revolution" from their rhetoric and, at a special convention at the end of last month dropped the terms "dictatorship of the proletariat" and "Marxism-Leninism" from their vocabulary.

#### 'Smiling diplomacy

Dressed in ties and conservative business suits, leaders of the party attending the convention looked more like members of a Rotary Club than revolutionaries.

The Japanese Communists have lonk pursued policies independent of their big-brother parties in the Soviet Union and China. In the 1960s they rejected the guidance of the Soviets and, at a party congress three years ago, in keeping with the nationalistic aspirations of the Japanese, they called for the return of the Japanese islands that the Soviets had seized at The Japanese Communists have found

friends in the West European Communist parties, and leaders of both the French and Spanchange ideas with their Japanese counterparts. viets and Chinese, their current image of

ruling Liberal Democratic Party to great advantage. For one thing, they are still mistrusted by a large majority of the Japanese public. A significant number of voters have past as a protest vote against the corruption and "money politics" of the Liberal Demoappailed if the Communists ever came close to

In the last general election (1972), the Communists won a record 10.9 percent of the vote. But public-opinion polls conducted earlier this year by Japanese newspapers indicated that the Communists may have reached the limit of their appeal. At the very least they seem to have reached a kind of plateau.

#### Some gains expected

The best guess of independent political analysts is that the Communists are likely to pick cial of the Japanese Socialist Party held a up some votes in the lower house election, which is expected by the end of this year, but But despite their independence from the So- that they are unlikely to make any dramatic Communist Party chief, in the "torture-murgains either in terms of the total vote or the der" case of some 40 years ago.

"smiling diplomacy" toward the voters, the Party now has 39 seats in the 491-member Communists appear singularly incapable lower house, giving it the third largest repreof exploiting the Lockheed troubles of the sentation after the Liberal Democratic and Socialist Parties.

in the Lockheed affair have antagonized the cast their ballots for the Communists in the other opposition parties, whose cooperation would be needed to bring them to power. The Communists have implied that all the opposicrats. But many of those same voters would be of payoff money distributed by the Liberal Democrats to gain votes in the Diet.

> Only a year ago, there was much talk of a rapprochement between the Communists and the Komelto (Clean Government) Party, which is the third largest of the opposition parties. Now, despite Lockheed, the prospects of any of the opposition parties combining in a united front to overthrow the Liberal Democrats anpear more remote than ever.

press conference at which he again brought up

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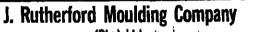
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# What the Chinese quake means to people and politics

For a homeless Peking family, life goes on under a plastic awning

the U.S.—to ferego: a fuel reprocessing plant.
Finally Shah Muhammad Reza Pahlevi agreed to American

conditions; that spent fuel be reprocessed outside Iran under

Dr. Kissinger, armed with the Shah's agreement, flew on to Pakistan, to lay the same logic before Mr. Bhutto, no doubt daugling the possibility of increased American ald, if Pakistan

Reportedly Dr. Klasinger also mashed the dark side of the coin — warning that Pakistan might lose all U.S. ald, if Mr.

celed plans to do the same for South Korea.

Bhutto did not comply

#### Families camp out in Peking streets, manners never falter

By Ross H. Munro Special to The Christian Science Monitor **№1976** Toronto Globe and Mail

In one of the post-earthquake shantytowns on the east side of Peking, a man wearing pants rolled up to his knees and a crocheted sleeveless undershirt was busy building his valuable building materials in any significant family's shelter when he received an unan-

"We are almost finished with the construction," said Chang Ching-sheng, a factory tion sites but even valuable steel rods used for worker. "With a little more patching of the reinforcing concrete. They are bending the shelter to keep out the rain we should be fin-

The shelter was like many of the hundreds of thousands of others that have been built along the streets since the July 28 earthquake essentially a series of beds placed right next to each other and a roof of reed matting and terial appears to be distorted by official orgaplastic sheets hold up by poles roped together. Usual hospitality

Even in this primitive setting, Mr. Chang's visitor discovered, the Chinese will treat a foreign guest with the usual hospitality. Two mugs of tea for the visitor and his interpreter magically appeared, thrust through the crowd of curious listeners by a man who had quietly disappeared minutes after the foreigner ar-

A few moments later, the visitor was some what embarrassed when he noticed that a woman standing a few feet away had begun waving her reed fan, directing a cool breeze past him through the hot lean-to.

With the traditional hospitality, however, came the traditional caution, Mr. Chang would not be drawn into guessing about how long he and the other people of Peking would remain in their shantytowns. "It's hard to say right now. At present, the time is not set," he said.

"Right now our urgent task is to take all necessary precautions against earthquakes." Down the street three factory workers inter-

rupted their card game for a moment and said that they too did not know how long they will have to sleep outdoors.

#### Educational work

build one.

Like Mr. Chang, the three factory workers Like Mr. Chang, the three factory workers said that local Communist Party organizations had done educational work about earthquakes so they quickly realized what was happening and knew what to do.

The propaganda work had already been done, so I knew right away that it was an earthquake," one young man said. "I helped my mother and father and sister to get out. Then I went back in and shut off the gas and the electricity."

The second said he lived on one of the upper floors of his apartment block and, along with his brother, helped his parents out of the building. The third said that after helping his family get out of their ground-floor apartment, he went back and fielped others to leave.

At least in this between secretary of the same and particular and particular leaders is nothing less than the total and the same and particular leaders is nothing less than the total and the same and

spread of nuclear weapons throughout South Asia
Din Kissinger, fresh from specessful meetings with the Shah
of Iran, now wants Pakistani Prime Minister Zulfikar All

Rimitio to limit his country's nuclear ambitions, as Iran report-

ignition of impring country's nuclear ambilions, as Tran reportedly has agreed to do.

The U.S. while willing to sail Pakistan in the power plants to generate electricity—wants Pakistan to forego acquisition of a reprocessing plant, from which weapons grade plutonium could be made.

Bul Mr. Bhutto, stressing that India; Pakistan's traditional

foe, has just such a plant, has signed a contract with France to

Explosion by India of a nuclear device in 1974, (ashloned

from plutonium extracted from spent uranium fuel rods, pro-

pelled an effort by the U.S. to half construction of unilateral

roprocessing plants:

West, Germany, over American objections, agreed to sell
Brazil such a plant, as part of a wide-ranging nuclear agreed
ment. France signed a similar deal with Pakistan, but can

Mr. Chang and the three factory workers all said that since the earthquake they have been putting their shelters together with material obtained from their homes, from factories, and through their local party committees.

#### Reconstruction material

None of these men appeared to have used quantity, but elsewhere in the neighborhood and all around Peking people are using not only bricks and cinder blocks from construcbox shapes to form the frames for shelters they are still building.

Where all this material comes from no foreigner can be certain, but the cost to construction projects seems enormous. A lot of the manizations but certainly not all of it. One indication of what is going on is that some wooden fences around Peking are beginning to disappear, board by board. And at some construction sites people seem to be helping them-

This may partly explain one slogan that was going up in east Peking and elsewhere in the city Aug. 2: "Heighten vigilance and prevent damage and sabotage by class enemies."

#### Tanshan economy rocked. superstitions awakened

By Ross II. Munro Special to • The Christian Science Monitor §1976 Toronto Globe and Mail

Foreigners remaining in Peking are begin- Posters appearing ming to contemplate the possible political consequences of China's great earthquake disposters are beginning to appear.

series of unexpected events — both natural and political — that have befallen China in 1976. In tific reasons why they occur. Some posen this Year of the Dragon, as it is known on the outline China's earthquake prediction method has passed on; large meteorites have fallen to dicted. And everywhere there are banners de ping, has been purged; Chairman Mao Tsetung, his health visibly falling, has completely withdrawn from public view; thousands have rioted on Tien An Men Square, China's most hallowed ground; the weather has been abnor- loss and dislocation in the Tangshan area. mally cold and wet; and Chu Teh, the popular will be felt for years to come. Workers be senior man of the Red Army, has passed on

Now, China has been surprised by the most powerful earthquake in the world since 1984.

of heaven held that an emperor had the right now will demand resources from the rest d to rule only so long as he was benevolent and the country if it is to recover. practiced certain rituals. People often re-

another from Praise, and wants to buy eight reactors from lions of dollars worth of weapons and civilian goods from the

multilateral supervision and that Iran be compensated for any uled to receive \$322 million in U.S. economic assistance over

Bhutto did not comply!

Congress, in newly drafted legislation, would under certain conditions — her American assistance to any nation acquiring a nuclear reprocessing plant.

Congress now is exploring how to tighten safeguards on the export of U.S. nuclear technology, to reduce the possibility of a military spinoff.

Washington's sometimes rocky relations with Pakistan are

ders of the Soviet Union and the warm waters of the Rus Gulf and the Arabian Sea. They are in an area where the Rus stans sought to extend their influence even in the days of the care in the care in the care in the care in the sought to extend their influence even in the days of the care in the care in the care in the care in the sought to extend their influence even in the days of the care in the care in

United States.

the next two years.

garded natural disasters as signs that beaut was withdrawing the emperor's mandate i the days before communism came to Chin one reads in the Chinese press, this sort of s Peking perstition was widespread.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONT

Now, on the streets of Peking, full-color

The Tangshan earthquake was the latest in a strate that there is nothing mysterious about claring that man will triumph over nature.

But an educational campaign is not a permost in the minds of China's leaders.

They are confronted with enormous dled, factories have been destroyed an impotant coal-mining complex has been damaget and a city's housing and public facilities laids The age-old Chinese doctrine of the mandate once contributed to China's economic grown

The question foreign analysts are asking in Peking is: Will some of China's leaders by b slice through the troubled politics and demand a new national unity focused on recovering economically from the earthquake?

#### Will Hua emerge?

There is an economic need for such a more and, for Premier Hua Kuo-feng, some obserers think, a great political opportunity New h his job and overshadowed by the orest events, Mr. Hua still has not made a getter pact on the Chinese political structure of the the consciousness of the masses. But some of servers have characterized him as a problem solver and a take-charge administrator. The carthquake has provided him with a unique of portunity to prove that this is true.

China has endured an obvious political struggle since the passing of Chou En ist The struggle has not been resolved, and there are many signs of an impasse: The Central Conmitice of the Communist Party has not met in six months, senior posts in the party and the government remain vacant, and policy was tions remain unresolved.

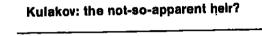
· Mr. Hua, observers think, now has an oppor tunity to call a full meeting of the cental Committee and take charge. Without dely 18 or denigrating the ideological issues, he migh be able to slice through the radical-moderate Impasse and present a short-term political and economic program that responds directly the new situation produced by the What Kissinger told Pakistan: U.S. hopes to limit A-bomb potential

Pakistan, by contrast, has less than \$100 million worth of

Monitor overseas news editor Geoffrey Gedsell writes: Sel-retary Kissinger's visit to Iran, Afghanistan, and Pakistan

should be seen in the context of U.S. concern about security is

the Indian Ocean. These countries, on the northwestern flant of the Indian Ocean. These countries, on the northwestern flant of the Indian Ocean, form a wedge between the southern borders of the Soylet Union and the warm waters of the Persian Gulf and the Arabian Sea. They are in an area where the Russians sought to extend their influence even in the days of the cars.



#### By Elizabeth Pond Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Soviet Communist Party chief Leonid 1. Brezhnev's current political and physical health should keep him at the top for the foreseeable future. And Politburo member Fyodor Kulakov looks like the strongest contender for the eventual succession.

This is how Western observers here gauge Mr. Brezhnev's vigorous display of leadership and Mr. Kulakov's expanded role this summer. Earlier in the year some signs led Washington-based observers to conclude that others in

the leadership were trying to kick Mr. Brezh-nev upstairs. Western diplomats in Moscow were skeptical of the theory even then, and they believe that recent developments have confirmed their less dramatic analysis.

Sourring speculation that Mr. Brezhnev was in trouble were a cutback in his activities and his disappearance from both ceremonial and substantive appearances for some weeks after the 25th Soviet Communist Party Congress in February/March.

Until this year, in his 12 years as top party Secretary Mr. Brezhnev always had attended Soviet-bloc Eastern European party congresses (except for the Romanian, for political reasons). But in 1976 he delegated this honor to other members of the Soviet Polithuro for the

Fyodor Kulakov - Moscow's fair-haired boy? Bulgarian, Czechoslovak, East German, and Mongolian congresses. In addition, he did not meet the high-powered party-and-government Laotian delegation that visited Moscow in April, as protocol ordinarily would demand.

Last spring a few articles had appeared in the Soviet press hailing collective leadership. In the past that has often signalled some challenge to the ranking leader.

At the same time, however, there was effusive praise for Mr. Brezhnev at the 25th party congress. And, in a throwback to the time of Stalin statues, a bust of Mr. Brezhnev was erected in May in the Ukrainian city of Dneprodzerzhinsk. Those who held the Brezhnevin-trouble theory saw this acclaim as oiling his path up and out.

In recent months Mr. Brezhnev has been visibly in command, however. He led the Soviet delegation to the Berlin conference of European Communist parties at the end of June. Foreign observers here believe, therefore,

that the unexplained events of last spring represent Mr. Brezhnev's conscious curtailment of his schedule - but no setback in real power. Moreover, the balance has been maintained in the Polithuro. The sudden death of Party po-

litburo member and Defense Minister Andrei Grechko in early June was not destabilizing. Marshal Grechko was replaced by another political veteran and Politburo member, civillan Dnutri Ustinov - without bringing in any

younger military officer who would then have had to join the Politburo or else be conspicuously excluded from it.

And even the many rumors of the impending replacement of President Nikolai Podgorny in a June or July Central Committee plenum

Soviet Union

have faded as no such plenum was held. Still, this very stability means that the aging Kremlin leadership is postponing the eventual succession. Mr. Brezhnev never has groomed a replacement in the way that Premier Nikita Khrushchev groomed Mr. Brezhnev.

The general assumption among Western observers is that Andrei Kirilenko, who celebrates his seventieth birthday this month, would become the caretaker party chief after Mr. Brezimey, with veteran ideologist Mikhail Suslov being the kingmaker. Mr. Kirilenko's status was confirmed most recently in his unusual presence at a meeting of the Council of Ministers and in special favorable press mention in a review of a book about Mr. Brezhnev in mid-

For now 58-year-old Fyodor Kulakov, one of the three youngest members of the Politburo and outgoing party Secretary for Agricultural Affairs, would appear to be the strongest candidate for party chief after Mr. Kirllenko. He was sont in Mr. Brezhnev's stead to two of the four foreign party congresses held since the Soviet party congress - those of Bulgaria and

## How the Kremlin is keeping Mrs. McClellan from her husband

By Elizabeth Pond Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Moscow One of the worst things about it all, Irina McClellan says, is being made to feel like a

In the two years she has been trying to leave the Soviet Union to join her American husband, she has not been able to keep a job. She has

had hostlie graffitt put on her door.
Friends of her teen age daughter have been told not to associate with an enemy of the Soviet Union. Once she and her daughter were even locked out by the neighbors who share their communal apartment.

Irina McClellan is the Russian wife of an American citizen. The Soviet authorities will not lot her join her husband, either here or there. In spite of Soviet signing at last sum-

refused exit July 9. This was the fifth refusal since the couple married here in 1974. Her husband, Woodford McClellan, a Russian history orofessor at the University of Virginia, has been refused an entry visa to revisit the Soviet Union an equal number of times.

refusal on Mrs. McClellan's alleged access to secret information. But Mrs. McClellan claims she had no access to classified information at the foreign public relations department of Mos-cow's prestigious Institute of International Reations and World Economy, where she worked

Originally, Soviet authorities based their

The last several times Soviet visa officials gayo Mrs. McClellan no reason for their refu-

Indeed, the lack of any obvious reason for blocking Mrs. McClellan's departure makes one of the most bizarre on the Amerof cases of blocked emigration in which interests of American citizens are involved. American consular officials here try to advance these cases periodically at working level, and the American Ambassador formally asks the Soviet Foreign Ministry for help on the entire Other cases typically involve elderly persons of Baltic or other parentage who were born in

rently of about 125 families and 350 individuals.

parents to territory that now belongs to the So-Like the U.S., the Soviet Union does not recognize dual citizenship. Moscow therefore does not acknowledge these people's claims to American citizenship and generally does not

the U.S. (thereby gaining American cilizen-

ship), but later were brought back by their

permit them to emigrate to the U.S. Current Russian-American marriage cases,

<u>ouses for sale</u>

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except for the McClellans, usually are resolved within two years, according to an American consular official. Soviet authorities discourage Soviet citizens from marrying Westerners by refusing visas, forcing the resignation of the Soviet spouse from his or her job, and other harassment. But once the authorities have permitted a wedding, they eventually allow the spouse to emigrate, as a general rule.

Resolution of cases on the American representation list is slow at best. Last spring exit visas were issued to one family that first appeared on the list in 1959. And only some 15 to 18 percent of cases on the most recent list were resolved over the past year, as con-trasted to resolution of some 30 percent the

In the first half of 1976 visas issued to Soviet citizens to emigrate to the U.S., including both new applicants and those on the list, totalled about 1,300. This was more than double those issued in the first half of 1975.

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### \*Africa in the crucible

Angola. If it is inevitable, who is going to embrace it first? U.S. Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger long operated on the theory that whites would remain politically dominant in most of southern Africa. Over the past six months he has swung round gradually to the British view that South Africa itself is the only place where the whites have a solid future. He now assumes that blacks will shortly become dominant in Namihia – and ultimately in Ithodesia. He is joining with the British in trying to arrange the take-over in both countries on a peaceful basis.

There is uncertainty about the firmness of the new Kissinger attitude. Whites in South Africa hope for a reversion to the earlier policy. They have some reason for thinking that if Ronald Reagan won the Republican nomination, Dr. Kissinger would be pushed away from his present policy and back toward de facto support for the Ian Smith regime in Rhodesia.

How assertive will the Soviets be in southern Africa? And to what extent, if any, will China intervene against Soviet efforts? It is not in Moscow's interests to have the American role become dominant in most of Africa. Muscow has interests and ambitions in the Indian Ocean. It is establishing a naval presence in the South Atlantic. It seeks positions of influence and strength in Africa wherever an opening appears. Opportunities will not be overlooked by Moscow. But as yet there is nothing quite as promising for the Russians as Angola was when Moscow embarked on that adventure.

Questions about Africa's future abound. Answers are uncertain and fuzzy. The future of Africa is as uncertain today as it was of Western Europe right after the German collapse in 1945, with vast Soviet armies surging into the heart of classic



By Gordon N. Converse, chief pholographs Children at play in Cape Town: will they see an integrated South Africa?

#### From page 1

### \*Soviets wary of U.S.

economic dealings with Iran, Moscow publicago removing the Emperor. Moscow recized its own economic aid projects there - sponded with approving references to projects about which the Shah of Iran speaks the "young revolutionaries." rarely in the West, but which are growing in

Somalia and Ethiopia, blasting U.S. plans for verting Australia into a Pentagon outpost as part of a U.S. drive to regain influence and position lost with the collapse in Indo-China.

cess of relaxation of international tension" in Pacific Ocean. the world, and quickly reiterates its own aid

A recent article in the Soviet Government newspaper Izvestia claimed that the Soviet Union was one of the largest purchasers of Iranian goods, and implied that Western nations were interested only in oil. Western diplomats here point out that half of the Soviet imports for the past two years has been natural gas.

Moscow uses it to replace its own gas which is sold to Western Europe.

Knowledgeable Russian sources say that there is talk of building Soviet grain siles in Iran, and that the Shah wants the output of the Islahan steel mill boosted to 2 million tons a

Meanwhile, the formal Soviet reaction to new U.S. sales of military hardware to Iran for weapons negotiations with Iran, Ashland and to Saudi Arabla is that Washington is and Netco, will jointly lift some 300,000 barrels trying to recoup the money it has spent on oil, of oil per day, in exchange for 300 General Dyand to control the entire region.

In Pakistan, the Soviets seem to favor stable Spruance class destroyers. Iran is said to be Pakistani relations with India, and are working negotiating yet another deal with Crown, a International Atomic Energy Agency in Vienna Pakistanis heavy machinery and are buying licient to pinchase up to the pinchase up to

just how far the Soviets can begin to meet In.

In addition, Secretary of State Henry A. Kisdia's virtually inexhaustible needs. The Rus.

Singer has announced the United States would just how far the Soviets can begin to meet Indira Gandhi, however, and are trying to extract maximum propaganda; advantage from the six years from last year through 1880.

Light in a week of ceremony and fanfaro, ventional weapons, however, the U.S. remains

them in a week of ceremony and fantaro.

On the Horn of Africa, on the Indian Ocean's western flank. Moscow faces some delicate choless. The Somalis, who allow the Russians permanent access to Berbers, may well make, some move to gain control of the strategic port of Dilbouti should the French pull out of their technold there. Any such move will be stoutly restated by the Ethiopians, the bulk of whose outside trade flows through the port. The Ethiopians had their highest tanking descenting the day at the sectuded estate of legation in Moscow africe the coup of two years.

Now the Somalis have also sent a delegation here, presumably to be reassured that they are And around the edges of the Indian Ocean, still first in Soviet hearts - but also, Western the Russians are jockeying for position in both sources believe, to hear some veiled Soviet chiding about the wisdom of their keeping the Diego Garcia, and warning that the U.S. is conpeace over Djibouti. If the Somalis do move,

acted frostily to the latest ANZUG meeting in Moscow's public approach to new U.S. deals Canberra between the U.S., Australia, and with Iran is twofold: It warns that the gulf New Zealand, tying it with Diego Garcia and "cannot stay aloof" from "the historical pro- warning of dark U.S. designs on the entire

nian officials maintain), putting the sum in an 11.

interest-bearing trust fund under Iranian con-

trol. This fund, in turn, will be drawn on by

Iran to purchase the advanced, tracked version

of the Rapler missile from the manufacturer,

An Iranian official told the Financial Times

the deal would be worth about 300 million

The two American companies involved in oil

namics F-16 fighter planes and several

worth some \$1.8 billion during the first year.

From page 1

British Aircraft Corporation.

pounds (\$540 million).

the Russians will be caught in a dilemma. Meanwhile, to the southeast, Moscow has re-

ing the pattern of Angola.

\*British arms for Iran oil?

# \*Why lan Smith acted as he did

nized terrorism on her borders in the interest Dr. Kissinger's purposes on his current trip

From page 1

Prime Minister Smith was probably address- British Prime Minister James Callaghan. They ing those words particularly to the U.S. He know too that Rhodesia was the main topic of may have meant that if the U.S. did not soon discussion when Dr. Kissinger met South Afritake some initiative (one that would be of net can Prime Minister John Vorster in West Geradvantage to his white supporters), Rhodesia many seven weeks ago.

Both the U.S. and British Governments are more ruthlessly to guerrilla attacks mounted anxious to do something to head off a wiker from inside Mozambique. This, of course, casts the shadow of a wider war and of possible it) could open the door, for the Russians at eventual Soviet or Cuban Intervention on the Cubans to come in as they did in Angola.

ing plants) should be recognized."

The proposed French sale of a reprocessing

plant to Pakistan is part of a deal in which

France will supply a 600 megawatt nuclear

electricity generating plant. Pakistan has

pledged to use none of the materials supplied

sufficient by the U.S., which would prefer plu-

be done outside of Pakistan altogether.

ventional arms.

tonium producing reprocessing of nuclear fuel

The American attitude has occasioned some

caustic comment from observers here that

Washington, though feating a future nuclear holocaust, has few qualms over its present po-

sition as the world's foremost purveyor of con-

Prime Minister Zulfikar All Bhutto of Paki-

stan and Dr. Kissinger have both said there is no confrontation between the two countries, at though at one point in his talks with Mr. Bhutto, the Secretary of State had reportedly threat ened to cancel economic aid and sales of A-7 bombers worth 45 billion if Pakistan went

spiead with the nuclear reprocessing deal.

Talks on the subject, according to officials on both sides, are continuing.

side of Mozambique and the guerrillas, repeat- having had British fingers burned before by responding to Mr. Smith's beckonings to nego-Mr. Smith knows that Rhodesia has high priority in Secretary Kissinger's thinking. He and ment says it will not take any initiative unless his fellow white Rhodesians know that one of it is sure this time of success - which means opening the door to black majority rule within two years. The U.S., fingers unburned, may (perhaps Mr. Smith calculates) be more willing to make a move - particularly if Americans are shocked or scared enough.

abroad was to discuss southern Africa with

Shell will pay Iran the market price (so Ira- returning to Washington via The Hague, Aug. impressive show of Rhodesian strength across France already has canceled one sale of nuceally but effectively extended their major clear reprocessing facilities to South Korea afzones of operation inside Rhodesta to four in the border, the guerrillas have less dramatiter strong American objections. The French all, They are called "fronts" by the white aspress has been full of accusations of an Amer-thorities. Yet if "fronts" imply war, there are But Le Monde, the influential French daily, life shall go on for them as it has in face of the editorialized Aug. 10 that "the risks inherent in political threats and pressures of the past dea too lax export policy (of nuclear reprocess-

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Abundant yields of such crops as dates spring from fertile soil

Heimi, a Deita farmer, and his family manage to live on \$600 a year

# How Egypt's rural poor today. And they may offer clues that will help other developing nations. The 750-mile-long Nile Valley is seldom wider than five to 10 miles. The fan-shaped, 100-mile-long Delta spreads north from Cairo to the sea. The two regions together comprise all Epvint's inhabitable, cultivated land. to survive

è Nile Delta, which fans out north from Cairo to the Mediterranean, rural population density is an extremely high 2,300 persons per square mile. Similar statistics mean trouble. trouble in other developing countries and even in Egypt's crowded Nile Valley, which stretches south from Cairo to Aswan. But the Delta farmers are winning their struggle to survive. A correspondent reports on how they do it.

By Richard Critchfield Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Sirs of Layyan, Egypt
Here in Egypt's flat, fertile Delta, amid huddled masses
of mud-brick villages and spires of minarets, adjustment of
a poor and ancient society to modernity has been relatively

smooth, peaceful, and rapid.

Yef only a few hundred miles away, along the fertile Nile Valley, which runs through barren desert from Aswan to

The Delta is extremely overpopulated with a rural population density of 2,300 persons per square mile. Egypt's population, just 16 million as late as 1937, will reach 40 million next year. Six out of 10 of Egypt's 22 million fellahin, or

tables, and a little meat are the diet, 477 kilograms (1,049 pounds) a year. Land holdings are transported pounds) a year. Land holdings are fragmented and small; the avorage farm is two acres. Two thirds of the agricultural work force are landless. Similar statistics in other developing countries mean

Yet once common rural banditry has all but disappeared in the Delta lover the past 20 years, allowing most fellahin

Richard Critchfield, formerly on the staff of the Washington Star, has spent the past few years on foundation grants in Asia and Africa studying and reporting on the rural poor.

to build small, second houses in the fields. The proof an increasingly commercial agriculture [68]

Threat of salinity from year-round irrigation is cessfully tackled with tile drainage. Manie! enormous population of buffalo, cows and replace the nitrogen-rich silt which floods in once brought yearly to the soil. Fully half the believe cultural work force is engaged in this costs fertilizing the land.

With a mild climate and abundant and in Delta is a virtual greenhouse. It provide a world's highest yields in rice, beans, color 💯

#### Old plowing methods

Yet there is little mechanization. Fellahin can be seen in the fields the gr their long tunics tucked up at th

"Hoosh!" to their bridleless bullalo or co clover or wheat, they bend from the walst flashing sickles. There is a fierce QRIVESt men may work 16 to 18

Along dusty, winding footpaths, where there is a procession of fellahin leading animals or carrying to the control of the cont or fresh dirt between village and field, student st tered texthooks wander about, memorizing the Nearly all the young children go to school Even est fellah manages to send at least one of two one sons to college so that they can emigrate as leady.

This is the more familiar Egypt — with its hazy, dreamskilled technicians to Cairo, Alexandria, or one of like landscapes of the broad shifted by the data sales and oil-rich neighboring states.

In a quiet, unspectacular way, rural Delta socie ning its struggle for survival, within social restraint from the unceasing hard physical labor its tweether round agriculture demands, the price has been the ment of many traditions and personal freedoms.



Such traditions still cling in the Nile Valley, where the remaining 40 percent of the Egyptian fellahin live and where remoteness and an isolation imposed by the desert have kept alive a proud individualism and village way of life hillitio changed from the distant past.

like landscapes of the broad sluggish Nile, date palms, the narrow green valley, and sandy Saliara cliffs. The best Buide to its present daily life is Englishman Edward Lane's "Manners and Customs of the Modern Egyptians" — pub. lished in 1836,

In the Nile Valley illiteracy and superstition abound

Black-shrouded women still wear volls; field work stops at noon under a scorching equatorial sun; family honor is uppermost and vendetta laws apply.

In contrast, the Delta fellahin are industrious, reserved, and law-abiding. A strong admixture of Roman, Greek, Persian, Christian crusader, Arab, and Turk influences from long centuries of foreign invasion have left their mark in the Delta. But another factor has exerted an ever stronger

#### Delta irrigation

In the mid-19th century Egypt's great modernizer, Pasha Muhammed Ali, who throw off the yoke of the Turkish Emnire, built a series of dams near Cairo, and permanently enclosed the Delta with dikes. This made irrigation water available year-round for the first time. Field work became incessant, and the Delta fellahin began to raise large numbers of livestock to substitute manure for the Nile's lost silt. Fully one-fourth of the Delta's land today goes to produce Egyptian clover; a whole society adjusted itself to

reliance on flood water to irrigation.

Nile Valley they are falling. The Upper Egyptians have yet to work out a system of drainage to combat salinity produced by year round irrigation and to employ manure as fertilizor.

Average yields per acre of 68 bushels of wheat and 84 bushels of maize are produced in the Delta after 400 deakey. loads of manure and 100 kilos (220 pounds) of commercial fertilizer are applied. In Upper Egypt, where 400 kilos (880 pounds) of commercial fertilizer are used and no manure, yields are down to 38 bushels of wheat and 34 bushels of malze per acre.

Shahhat, a young Nile Valley foliah says, "It was a great mistake to build the Aswan Dam. Now the soil has become weak and the plants sick. Porhaps in five to 10 more years .

everything will stop growing." His view is typical of a ma-

Shahhat's family has experienced a four-fold rise in yearly income to just under \$1,000 since the introduction of sugar cane as a cash crop and a year-round water supply. But expectations have risen even faster, and like many of their neighbors, the family is deeply in debt.

Neither Shahhat nor his younger brothers have been educated beyond memorizing the Koran from a village shelkh. Their education is thus limited to the teachings of medieval Islam, which describes the earth as flat and surrounded by

Holmi is a young Delta fellah who, like Shahhat, cultivates 2.5 acres of land. Like Shahhat he raises clover, wheat, malzo, and some vegetables and possesses a buffalo, donkey, and a few sheep. Lacking the cash crop of sugar, his family's yearly income is only \$600.

#### Schooling a top priority

Yet Helmi manages to scrape together \$24 a month to ad one younger brother to commercial college and two one to rea government schools. He has no debts.

In the Nile Valley police are hated on the ground that they habitually rough up anyone who breaks the law. In the this does not happen. The Della fellahin use hospitals, family-planning centers, day-care centers, exportmental farms. agricultural cooperatives, and a public relief system.

Egyptians of the Nile Valley rarely have more to do with government institutions then to obtain seeds and fertilizer from local cooperatives.

After a visit to Helmi's village, Shahhat found the Delta life style amothering. "It's like a prison here," he said. And to the Delta follahin, Shahhat was like a figure out of the past, living a way of life they had only heard their grandfathers describe.

It is the Dolta life-style that is Egypt's future and probably the future of most densely-populated poor rural so-cieties if they are to cope with growing populations.

### Parents learn how to bring out the best in their babies

By Kent Garland Burti Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Brookline, Massachusetts Kim Michelson, mother of three, feels the warmth that comes from an extended family. But her "family" members are the teacherconsultants assigned to her by the Brookline Early Education Project, a parent-assistance program nicknamed BEEP. They act as experienced aunt or older sister. But with a difference. They are professionally qualified to teach parents about a child's development from birth through age four.

BEEP is a radical educational experiment. It is an effort by a public school system, begun in October, 1974, to teach its future pupils while they are infants. The concept is to train parents to be teachers of their offspring. This utilitude represents a swing away from the stance that parents are comforters only and should leave teaching to the schools.

If parents understand the educational needs of an infant and how to meet these needs, they will raise happier and brighter children, according to the designers of BEEP.

This Brookline experiment of parent counseling is being financed by Carnegle Corpo--ration and the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation. It is based on the concept that a child's of remedial programs for slow learners and most critical learning is done before the age of

"If BEEP proves successful," Dr. Donald Pierson, program director, has said, "school systems will have to take another look at their order of priorities," for extending cognitive care downward from kindergarten to the bassi-

Other school system administrators are visiting the old, high-ceilinged house in Brookline couples, one-third of whom are black or Hispa-



child-rearing practices during the early years as one possible way to cut the exorbitant cost children with conduct problems.

However, the BEEP program is not to be thought of as social work or family therapy. It is education for the normal children of normal parents from any socioeconomic level. Even well-educated parents can benefit from concrete advice in bringing up baby so that baby realizes his full potential.

The brick building on Kent Street has become a resource center for the enrolled rented by BEEP. They see the upgrading of pic. The center houses a library of toys, books, similar ages,

gon. Marinate the flower petals for 30 minutes.

Add oil and blend well. Add sufficient lettuce

and watercress to the salad bowl for 6 people

and toss with the petal mixture, salt, and pep-

Nasturtium Cottage-Cheese Delight

Cover a salad plate with lettuce. Sprinkle

over coarsely chopped nasturtium leaves.

Place cottage choose in the center of the plate and surround with nasturtium flowers.

If desired, chopped petals and leaves may be

per. Serve immediately.

1 pound cottage cheese

Marigold Onlons

1½ pounds small white onlors 3 tablespooks butter

2 tablespoons soy sauce

10-12 nasturtium flowers

'Come on, you can do it.' A gentle coax helps a child through a cloth tunnel pamphlets, and films dealing with child devel-

child care for parents who need a break from

Clusters of mothers with children of approxi- older children tell about their day. Why was mately the same age get together to exchange Emily so much noisier at dinner than at any information on "what worked." Mrs. Michel- other time?" Mrs. Michelson wondered The son finds this sharing more helpful than ran- home visitor said. "Maybe she was trying is dom conversations in the park playground get in her 2 cents worth." "So we slopped talk"

A school system that might adapt the model program would probably scale down because of cost, the series of medical and psychological examinations that are in the pilot program

The consensus so far among the polled parents is that the most helpful service is the home visit, occurring once every three weeks or once every six weeks. Then the BERP teacher observes the baby, discusses his carrently emerging interests and abilities, and prepares the parents for the next stage of de velopment. She responds to concerns about educationally relevant issues, and offers to refer parents to another authority if asked questions bout other types of problems.

Mrs. Michelson says she finds that the teacher is "very nourishing to the ego" because she treats the mother as though "she's got it." The teacher figures the mother knows her child better than anyone else.

"Sometimes my home visitor redirected me where I was a little off," Mrs. Michelson said "but mostly she reaffirmed my over instinct." For instance, I was singing a lot to the bear, and she told me that was very important. The when Emily started talking I especially notes the rhythm and intonation in her voice."

opment. A telephone is manned by a consultant a problem? Mrs. Michelson recalled a period ready to answer questions from any of the when Emily, an eight-month-old in her high more than 200 mothers currently involved in chair, chattered and squealed a lot at the disthe program. A playroom offers supervised ner table.

parenting. A nursery school program is held "We liked having a rather formal dimer oning which my husband and I would lister to the where mothers she met had children of dis-similar ages. part of the mealtime conversing will builty.

### Please do eat the daisies

By Gladys Mason Special to The Christian Science Monitor

There are many flowers that may be appreclated for flavor as well as beauty. They may be candied, pickled, dried, stewed, or served up in sandwiches, desserts, Swiss fondue, or

Centuries ago in China and Persia, flowers Leituce like the chrysanthemum, carnation, rose, and 4 chopped nasturtium leaves daylily were used for spices, syrups, or as soup and meat flavorings:

Later in the 16th, 17th, and 18th centuries. cooks in Western Europe made use of lavender, elder blossoms, marigolds, nasturtiums, dandelions, violets, illacs, and other blossoms for their food.

In an age of synthetic food stuffs we have come to think of these flowers as purely deco-blended into the cottage cheese at the last minrative, missing the fresh, cheerful flavors they ute. Serves 6.

From the simple dandelion salad to more ex- Violet Mushroom Caps otic uses for the common dayfily, or marigolds 24 medium-sized mushroom caps in chowder (President Elsenhower seasoned a cold sources and seasoned as cold seasoned as col th chowder. (President Elsenhower seasoned a cultisoup orbant was a vegetable soop with nasturtiums), to unusual I teaspoon lemon juice Rose-Apple Betty and dessert crepes with car 2 teaspoons chopped violets nation syrup, the range is broad.

You are eating flowers every time you serve. Saute the mushroom caps and drain on pabroccoli, artichokes, and cauliflower, according to Leona Woodring Smith, who wrote; a the caps with it. Garnish each with a violet: cookbook of more than 200 recipes called The Serve chilled. Forgotten Art of Flower Coekery (Harper, & Row, \$4.5) These are just a few examples of the beautiful looking delicious tasting ways to utilize flowers in cooking.

#### Chrysenthemum Salad

4 cup vinegar
3 tablespoons honey
3 tablespoons lemon flice
1 teaspoon shopped fresh tarragon
Petals from \$ large chrysanthismums
4 cup office office 2 tablespoons coarse bread crumbs 114 tablespoon chopped fresh marigolds 1 teaspoon fresh parsley Lettuce and watercress Salt and pepper to taste



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Cook the options until almost tender (approx-unately 20 minutes). Drain and place in a lightly buttered casserole. Combine other inlients and sprinkle over onlons. Bake about 10 minutes in a slow oven. Serves 4.

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# financial

### West German unions: concern for corporate profits

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

West Germany's left-of-center government percent wage increases. What the Germans wants corporate profits to increase more than call "wage drift" - extra benefits negotiated wages. So do trade union leaders.

Hard to believe, perhaps But this nation's labor leaders are famed for their "Verminft" reasonableness or common sense.

During the recession that ended here last summer, corporate profits were hit extremely hard, worse than in the United States. One reason is that German forms, for social and legal reasons, have much more difficulty in laying off workers. Many firms went into the red-

Contrariwise, real wages for German workers continued to rise throughout the business downtown. Unlike the U.S., where inflation chewed off a good chunk of the average worker's stand of living. German employees' wages generally managed to keep ahead of prices. Indeed, their share of gross national product rose from 61 percent in 1970 to 66 per-

In 1975, the statisticians report, the German gross national product declined 3.5 porcent; real wages (inflation removed) increased 3

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Given this relatively happy situation, German labor leaders were able to accept con-Frankfurt, West Germany - tracts this spring providing for modest 5.5 to 6 at the plant level - may add somewhat to this average. In effect, German trade union officials were satisfied to just maintain the real income of their members.

States," notes Dr. Otmar Emminger, deputy governor of West Germany's central bank, the Doutsche Bundesbank, "Wage costs per unit of production have actually fallen in manufacturing. They are down 3 or 4 percent."

(In the U.S., compensation in manufacturing rose 7.4 percent from the second quarter of 1975 to the same quarter in 1976. With increased productivity, however, unit labor costs fell 1.4 percent - slightly less than in Ger-

Dr. Emminger maintains that Germany now needs a long period when wages must rise slowly and profits more rapidly. The extra profits are needed to allow business to step up its investments.

"Trade union leaders have accepted this,"

ness and trade union leaders to disuess the sit- cerning prices," he figures. labor on the national need for wage moder- but continued recovery throughout the year.

was that inflation would run under 6 percent. So far it has. The latest consumer price increase for June as compared with the previous June was well under 5 percent.

"We will be very happy if price increases stay below 5 percent to the end of the year," savs Dr. Emminger.

Most forecasts for profit increases show a 14 to 18 percent gain in nominal terms. Dr. Emminger suspects that an 18 to 20 percent gain is more likely. And, noting that corporate profit creases will continue into 1977.

But he wants industry to get those extra profits from increased sales and decreased costs - not from higher prices.

covery, industrial production climbed a rapid tant to the nation's economic welfare.

reports Dr. Emminger. "There is no object 16 percent, But now, as in the U.S., the unturn

Under a system known as "concerted ac. This is welcomed by Dr. Emminger. "Othertion," government leaders meet with key busi. wise we would have gotten into trouble con-

uation in the German economy. It is at these That view is shared by the majority of econmeetings that the government has persuaded omists in West Germany, who predict a slower

One prominent exception is Dr. Kurt Riche-One condition to this agreement, however, Bank. "We could have an aborted recovery." baecher, an economist with the Dresdner he warns. "We already have a decline in or-

His pessimism is based on the "weakness"

in final sales, outside of a short-lived strong demand for cars, and what he sees as excessive monetary tightness by the Bundesbank.

The basic conditions for an investment boom do not exist in this country," he holds. In rebuttal, Dr. Emminger maintains that

Dr. Richebaecher's statistics on money are margins are still low, he hopes that profit in. "plain wrong." Further, he says that though domestic consumption has been running behind predictions, investment and exports have increased more than forecast.

Since exports amount to 25 percent of West Germany's total output and 40 percent of in-In the first nine months of the German re- dustrial production, they are extremely impor-

### French bank discourages burglars

By Philip W. Whitcomb Special correspondent of The Christian Science

Robbers in Nice recently needed only some rubber boats, a cheap delivery van, some pneumatic drillis, and a few acetylene torches to loot a safety deposit vault of millions of dollars.

French banks taking an anxious look at their security se-But these worries do not

of the Bank of France or the Société Générale. Their ingenious and elaborate barriers to intruders have held for

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• ACQUISITIONS • DIVESTITURES

JOINT VENTURES

This robbery and a similar one in Paris have some dungeon deep under the Bank of France, in the heart of old Paris, is in itself enough to break the heart of the most skillful in-breaker since it extend to the Paris quarters was constructed shortly after

World War I. The second of these two impregnable strongholds of Paris is not a dungeon but a tower on a hill above the Seine four or five miles from

the older center of Paris.

At the Bank of France, a would-be burglar would have a hard time getting as far as the first of the four defenses, because no one except the 250 officials and employees who work in the dungeon - they eat there, too - can descend to the access level.

The flexible steel sheet is first, then a door 20 inches thick, weighing seven tons, steel plated; after that, a use rotatable 35-ton block of steel-plated concrete that Trocadero now protects opens an entrance corridor 44 . Rembrandts and Greek inches wide and 96 Inches long only when it has been ro- family genealogies, contracts, tated 90 degrees; and finally a 17-ton block on wheels.

300,000 tons of earth and

The Société Générale built the Trocadero Tower, 250 feet high and nearly 200 feet in Diameter - completely hidden by encircling buildings - as a safe deposit for securities belonging to clients or to the bank itself. In 1971 the government ordered the big banks to remove such deposits to the provinces, and the Société Générale chose Nantes in Brittany. .

This left the Trocadero Tower with its multiple security systems, today modernized with a television network, and its almost unique water barrier - a flood that pours in whenever the human guards are removed, and that must be pumped out before made of heat-proof concrete, they can return - for another

> Instead of securities the vasos, magnetic tapes and patents, pearls and promissory notes.

#### British labor

Britain's notoriously poor labor relations took a distinct turn for the better in the first half of 1978.
The improvement reflected

the successes of the "social contract" worked out beween the government and union leaders, and accepted passively by big business in-terests and the middle class.

Workingman days lost through strikes fell to 1.58 million in the first half of 1976 from 3.91 million a year earlter. It was the lowest sainlannual strike loss total since

The Department of Employment, which released the strikė-loss statistics, also said the number of individual industrial disputes recorded in the January-June period dropped to 955 from 1,391 a. venr carlier. The first half total was the lowest since 1953.



#### By Yong Sook Min

Chung Sook and I grew side by side. We are sisters. Sharing toys, friends, and fancies, we wandered in common time and places. Hand in hand, we ran in the green field: we picked eatable weeds and wild yellow flow-

On sunny spring afternoons, we carried pillows on our back, bound them with long white binders. We were mothers; the pillows were our children. We picked wild flowers, weeds, and cooked them while humming to our children. Chung Sook was to be my guest for dinner. Oh, we were dizzy with joy and delight! We must have been five and seven.

Once on the New Year's Eve, we lay flat side by side, sharing the warmth of being sisters. We read poems and songs with prime sympathy. We listened to the radio, broadcasting the folling of bells in each province. We wailed over the hastening year.

Growing up, we found delight in hiding our inner feelings and we sought rooms of our own. No more poems read together, no more songs sung, no more common times to share; each walked alone; wandering in parks and hills apart. In quiet moments, each wrote her thoughts in a book. We still lay side by side; how we wished the other was sleeping, wished to own the undisturbed night alone.

. But space brought us another unity. We wrote letters, reaching the other heart. Be-neath the common daily concerns and wishes in our letters we read immeasurable love for each other. We understood something of the pain of separation.

Now we find no more fear in our discovery of each other, we are not afraid to agree or disagree. We regard each gratefully, compassionately; we are joyous in generosity.

Since the family started selling apples and pears last month, we can buy rice and cabbage for dinner. We no longer have to go to bed, craving for the time when Father was in

My mother, my brother Kyung Sik, and I went today to the wholesale market and bought 50 ears of corn, 500 chestnuts, 40 persimmons, 40 rice cakes. Kyung Sik baked the corn and chestnuts and priced each item. We

With the profit, we decided to buy notebooks, pencils, and to pay the school fee for testing the children.

In the evening, I went again to the market. I bought 22.5 kg. of sweet potatoes and carried them on my head. My neck is aching now, but my dream is consoling me. The now, but my dream is consoling me. The month . . . I am young. O, I am young. that they shrink afterwhile: neonle reduce Today's hardship is nothing, this can all be

I studied English and Math at night and read "Pushkin's Poems" until late. As long her with her Korean. She asked me if I'd like as there's a desire for education, my life is to go to the States to study. I said, "It has worth carrying on.



It has been four months since I started to work at the factory. The chief, Sung's, atti- and I arrived at Tae Hwa. The crisp air drew: trees were clear. tude toward me changed today; he learned I our sorrows away. Hungry, we grasped the can write, and read, and speak English better fragrance from the earth, swallowed deeply. than most of the women graduated from col- A native, with a lamp, led us to Temple lege who work here. For the first time, we Kwang Duck that stood in the shelter of talked as human being to human being. He Mount Tae Hwa, detached from the village.

fresh persimmons and rice cakes. With a able living: Twelve hours work a day - \$20 for a deep bow he came in: with a deep bow he helpful someday in my life.

After work, I went to Mrs. Kindig's to help been my dream for years and years."

There is immeasurable delight in living in When I brought the news to my family, all was walking around the temple. With his Sook, fill yourself with the original was walking around the temple. honesty - that is what my family is tasting of us decided to have a feast tomorrow. We clear, young voice, he awakened the earth ing, accomplishment, given talked, laughed, and wept until very late.

On a late evening of October, Yong Cha his old, old words and the wind in the plant Yong Cha and I followed him to the more.

Self-pity is dishonoring my Lord. He to me out from poverty; He has fed me will A young monk brought candles and quilts, books, friends; He has provided me comfet

left. . . A wind through pine trees carried the tales of the mountains, called me to the outside. The crescent moon hung over the work, my family, . . I take all less or less of the hung. edge of the hill, the cry of a wolf was not far: granted.

away. The trees swayed, asking me to be one Sook, learn to be more under learn to be kinder and more me At three o'clock in the morning, a monk walk in the path of the living death.

and the sky with the ring of the wooden gong, giving.

#### Unspoiled lakeshore Ohrid

### A museum town where nightingales sing you to sleep

By Alva Bader Special to The Christian Science Monitor

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Albanian border, at an elevation of 2,260 feet, Ohrid. Ohrid covers an area of 134 square miles and — Another rare species is a little fish called so limpid and transparent that you can clearly rid pearls. discern the brilliant mosaic patterns formed by Tourism here, still in its early stages, seems' multicolored pebbles in the bottom.

tha lake is the town of Ohrid - the oldest on here on organized 15-day package deals to enthe Balkan Peninsula. A cradle of Slavic cul- joy the beaches with their recreational activiture, the town of Ohrid has, throughout the ties and the town's charm of scenery, its fascicenturies, attracted nughty emperors and nating old-world ambiance, its colorful open archbishops, missionaries and poets, painters market, and a general feeling of holiday happi-

And it still does so today. Artists and cam- And they come to see the sights: Over 35 eramen from near and far come here to cap- churches, large and small, are scattered docuture the region's infinite charm and original- ments describing the lake's various phenomity: the lake, with its ever-changing hues that ena were authored by Yugoslav and foreign range from sapphire-blue to green to violet to ing the Turkish reign, made into a mosque; the pink; the town, with its maze of little up-and- 10th-century St. Naum Monastery-on-the-hill; down lanes lined with ancestral houses, their St. Panteleimon, St. Jovan Bogoslov-Kanco, St. upper floors supported by decaying, worm- Clement, and a host of others - all of which eaten rafters, the windows precariously protrud-house fine frescoes, old-master paintings, ing over empty space, rusty pipes and moss- wood-carvings, and a wealth of icons. covered roofs - all fragmentary relics reminis- Of course, as must be expected, tourism is cent of the various civilizations that have gradually changing the original physiognomy of swept across the land.

dwellings contain rare treasures of another filling up with private villas and small weekend era. The history of Ohrid is one of migrations bungalows. Even the mode of fishing is becomand intermingling of many races, each of ing a thing of the past. The fascinating boats whom left its indelible mark. Today, the town's with their huge casting nets are disappearing 25.000 inhabitants consist mainly of Yugoslavs and Albanians – the latter identifiable by a

True, there are numerous other lovely towns and lakes in Macedonia, but none equals Ohrid's quiet beauty and captivating atmosphere.

Do not look for an entrance to the town. There is none. The city gates were torn down ages ago; the streets, twisted and narrow, are, for the most part, dead ends that lead nowhere and stop short before a high wall or a concealed entrance to some unexpected. exquisitely adorned courlyard. 🕙

Just as Ohrid is considered a museum town, so the lake, with its rare flora and fauna, represents a wildlife sanctuary. Over 300 scientific

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documents describing the lake's various phenomena were authored by Yugoslav and foreign geologists and biologists. Further intensive Ohrid, Yugoslavia studies are still being conducted here in con-There, at the southernmost tip of Yugosla- nection with the various species of local fishes, via, in the state of Macedonia, surrounded by especially the two foremost ancestors of the the lofty crests of the Galicia and Albanian trout family, the famed belivca (salmothymus mountains, lies Lake Ohrid - one of the Ohridanus) and the letnica (salmo letnica world's oldest lakes. Located on the Yugoslav- Karaman). They are found exclusively in Lake

reaches a depth of 930 feet between the fishing plastea (alburnus Albidus alborellas), whose villages of Pestani and Trpejca. Its waters are scales are used to produce the well-known Oh-

to be headed for a successful future. A fair Perched on a rocky promontory high above number of visitors, mainly from Holland, come

the region. High-rise hotels are mushrooming, Many of these dilapidated and fascinating and the once-splendidly secluded hills are now

Fishermen at Lake Ohrid, one of the oldest lakes in the world

from the local scene as many professional fish- you can go to Skopje - a city reborn repeat-

the common means of transportation.

From the top of Galicia Mountain, where But no matter where you go, you are always channels and the famed Beli-Drim Springs. Or main unspoiled?

ermen now resort to a more up-to-date hook- edly as if in deliance to the frequent earthquakes that beset it in the course of centuries. Ohrid isn't the only town worth visiting here. In startling contrast to my first visit here im-Scenic roads across vineyard-clad terraces mediately after the 1963 tremor that left many lead to picturesque fishing hamlets and fairy casualties and destroyed 80 percent of the tale villages like Trpejca, Struga, Pestani, buildings, Skopje today is a bustling city of where the inhabitants still wear their national wide boulevards, ultramodern buildings (a costumes and where excerts or donkeys are little too ultra, perhaps), and crowded cafes and restaurents.

large herds of sheep graze amid patches of glad to return to the quiet beauty of Ohrid to snow, you have a breathtaking view over Ohrid rest and be luiled to sleep by screnading nightand Prespa Lakes, connected by underwater ingales. How long, one wonders, can Ohrld re-

### Town and lake are inextricably bound to Packing? Remember you have to carry it!

By Diane Casselberry Special to The Christian Science Monitor

You can't wear tissue paper and plastic bags, so why take up suitcase space just to pack with them?

Many travel consultants recommend a cushion-and-fold packing method that saves space and keeps clothes neat and wrinkle-free. Sleeves and pant legs do the padding instead of

Clothes are simply folded along body lines

HOTEL

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cally and horizontally. Blouses, pants, and skirts are then woven back and forth to fit the length and width of the case. Folded in sections, with accessories cushioning color-coordinated separates, outfits are readily available to the traveler on the go.

Karen Wylie, a former American Airlines 🥀 stowardess now with the Samsonite Corporation, has found that this method of packing saves her valuable time since clothing can't shift around in her suitcase and always turns up where she packed it.

On her worldwide travels, Mrs. Wylle has picked up many packing tips, which she shares in film and slide presentations for travel clubs, and in packing demonstrations for department • Take only your favorite outfits, and select

at least two completely different sets of accessories for each outfit.

• Lay out everything you want to take, and take only half of that. If you have to sit on your sullcase to close it, you've still got too

squeeze it to create an air bubble and a vac- one to wear, one to spare, and one to wash. wim, to further guard against spilling.

bags, which can crack leather shoes — and fill you'll want to bring home. shoes with a small camera, sunglasses, or the ln need of touch-up ironing on your tray-hose.

chance on cracking the loather.) • Pack shods, sportswear, lingorie, and carry yourself.

British, Americans can swap homes for vacations

Want to travel to America and pay no hotel British and Americans. You list your home in

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their guide and tell when you want to travel
You can join a home exchange program and and where you want to go,
swap homes with someone. Londoners and When the guide is published, people listed.
New Yorkers can exchange homes for two write to each other and make their own arweeks and make side trips into the country it rangements about swapping. Cost of the listing



other often-needed items in the bottom of the bag. Pack dresses, pants suits and conts in the

• Turn wigs inside-out before packing. • If you must take a pleated skirt, twist it into a roll, starting from the waist, and pull the stocking (with the foot cut off).

· Pack socks around and under the collars .. much.

• Use plastic containers for spillables, and of shirts. Blouses are packed "up," and shirts about the packed "up," and shirts about the packing the packing a plastic boltle,

• Remember the packing rule for lingerio:

• Pack shoes in shoe bags - not in plastic suits and a fish-net bag for those souvenirs

hose.

els? Simply dust a light built in your room, let
Pack belts around the outside lining of it heat up, and apply it lightly to wrinkled
youn suitcase. (Never roll them up and take a clothing.

• Finally, never pack more than you can

their guide and tell when you want to travel

outs down on food bills since you can'do your is \$13.50, but people not listed can receive the own shopping and cooking.

Homex, based in London and Pacific Pall- for \$12.50, Write Homex Directory, Ltd.; P. O. sades. California, offers such a service for: Box \$16, Pacific Palisades. California 90272.

# What to do in the holidays: make a treasure chest for a secret place

Make a summer "treasure chest"?

Any small, sthrdy carton will do Decorate the box all over with pictures you have cut from magazines or drawn yourself, or with maps, cut into fairly small places (irregular shapes stick better). Glue these all over your box and then ask an adult to help you shellac it, or coat it with polyurethane to protect it.

Cause each one has a little bit of "you" in it your ideas, your imagination, and your work.

Use them for special occasions, for gifts that Another idea would be to buy one of the say "thank you" or just "I love you."

heavy cardboard storage boxes avallable at Here are some ideas for things to collect. most discount stores; some of these come al. Watch this page for ideas and ways to use the

ready decorated.

various materials you save.

Now be a summer collector! Make the treasure chest your own special place — perhaps it "flat" flowers, such as daisies, pansies, violets.

The seasure chest your own special place — perhaps it "flat" flowers, such as daisies, pansies, violets.

• Seaweed, Look for pretty, delicate shapes cover -dry it well outdoors.

• Shells: Any and all shells, even pretty shell round, or ovel ones.

fragments. Scrub them well and dry them enough to find various colors on the beach carefully in the sim

can be a secret place, where others look bulk set. By and press these by placing them be - Rose petals. Get permission to pick spet with your permission, it can be a place to keep the special treasures you find during a summer and place them in an old telephone book, or in Carefully remove the petals and spread the you can make from the things you collect.

These gifts you make are very special be - Seaweed Look for seasons and secretary place them in a jar with a light convergence.

• Interesting rocks, especially smith

\*Beach glass." These are fragments of ers (with covers) with fine, dry sand. for sea grass which have been worn smooth by Place mats, colored brochures, and the sea.

\*Cones and seed pods.

\*Cones and places you go.

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# arts/books

### **Director Altman** shoots a few holes in an American folk hero

Paul Newman is cast as a 'Buffalo Bill' with clay feet

By David Sterritt

New York "Buffalo Bill and the Indians" presents an auspicious pairing of talents - Robert Altman. creator of "MASH" and "Nashville," directing Paul Newman, one of the ranking movie stars of our time.

When the two jointly met the press in New York not long ago, Mr. Newman got all the oglos and autograph requests. But Mr. Altman got the lion's share of questions. It was an interesting comment on today's movie biz. A few years ago, journalistic tunnel vision would scarcely have noticed a director sharing the podium with a celebrity of Paul Newman's lu-

Mr. Altman kicked things off by admitting something most directors would not admit just before a major opening: "I'm very nervous about this film."

Mr. Altman acknowledges that the "Buffalo Bill" format is not easy, fluctuating as it does between parody and seriousness. But "that's my style," he insists, in a kind of defense. "And that's the movie, that's what it is. I acter as "a combination of Custer, Gable, Redwanted to disarm the audience with humor, then let them find their own meanings."

The director is very big on this idea of subjective truth, subjective meaning. He even uses more than one narrator in "Buffalo Bill" to show ("Rashomon"-like) that different ter. How does his life and career relate to the sources have different stories about the same legendary scout showman-hero? "Just go out subjects 4 as he used Geraldine Chaplin as a "and read any movie magazine," says the actor. zany journalist in "Nashville" to indicate that "Look at the quotes that simply don't exist; neither her view nor his was any more or less the interviews that were supposedly given, but valid than anybody else's.

"By the time a culture is willing to look at aren't true. its past," says Mr. Altman, "and try to find out "It's a very humbling experience, but I know

London: W. H. Allen, £3.95.

By Nancy Goldner

person about whom thousands of words have

lyzed, speculated upon, and just about dis-

offers her a diamond necklace (which the bal-

lerina graciously accepts as her due) and his hand in marriage (which the woman finally ac-

One always wants to hear directly from the

Fonteyn's 'Autobiography'

Autobiography, by Margot Fonteyn. New cepts in tremulous gratitude). As Fonteyn sees

York: Alfred A. Knopf, Inc. 286 pp. \$12.50. it, it is love that brings her in full circle, back

to the base of the arc.

moving reading.

more bait than bite

... You can only find out about the behavior that was written about."

Mr. Altman says that "Buffalo Bill" is like his other pictures in that "I have no message, nothing to say, no statements to make to anybody about anything. In my films I try to reflect my view. It's what I see, not the way I think things should be. I don't try to pro-

"Buffalo Bill" takes tremendous liberties with history, but Mr. Altman insists that it "is very historical. Nothing on the screen is a fact in itself - the place did not exist, for example, Buffalo Bill's show was a traveling show. . . . The characters are all based on actual charac-

"The history is correct philosophically, if not actually."

Mr. Altman further maintains that he takes no joy in "shooting holes in heroes," despite his irreverent approach to Buffalo Bill and Sitting Bull. Again, he notes, "I try to reflect what I see. This is how it looks to me after winding through piles of material. There is a great deal of historical balance in this film. . . . We present material on an emotional level, but we didn't make it up as a caprice. . . . '

Mr. Newman's approach to playing Buffalo Bill was also irreverent - he defines the charford, and me. In that order." He interprets Buffalo Bill as "symbolically the first star, the first motion-picture star."

Mr. Newman admits to having used his own background in creating his Buffalo Bill characweren't; the 'conflicts' and 'joys' that simply

the truths of its origins, the tracks have been that what these people see on celluloid has abso covered up that it's impossible to find them. solutely nothing to do with me. That was the



Buffalo Bill (Paul Newman) tells tales to the Indians

aspect I tried to show in this film - they could For Mr. Newman, "Buffalo Bli main as say anything they wanted about him, and he other step in his personal wester dossy could make whatever statements he wanted which has ranged from Billy the Mills to the statements he wanted which has ranged from Billy the statements he about what he is, but he is finally a human Left-Handed Gun') to the first half of "Butch Fbeing, and that's all he is. . . . "

Mr. Newman finds "Buffalo Bill" a "very For director Aliman, "Buffalo Bill" marts contemporary film," though he thinks it will his first "PG" (parental guidance, all ages at mean something different to each person who mitted) movie — though it was not made with sees it. Even today, he says, summing up one ratings in mind. "I have never set out to mit of the movie's themes, "if you have a primi- any film to be any rating," he says sterns. tive, honest, direct mentality in confrontation totally disapprove of that system." with a manufactured personality, they simply can't communicate.

"There was simply no way to communicate!" Mr. Newman concludes. "And that's what is happening in contemporary politics, and relations between people today.'

Mr. Newman has since moved on to shot "Slap Shot," a Michael Winner film about hockey player, even though the last guned hockey I played was 38 years ago." Affat 18 completed he will take time off, person long as a year.

#### Her married life also forms the most exciting parts of the book. Arlas's position as a diplomat and politician introduces Fonteyn to A Portfolio of person about whom thousands of words have been written. Dame Margot Fonteyn, until recently prima ballerina of England's Royal Balassassin cripples Arias for life, and Fonteyn's from the Morgan Library let and still performing for devoted form

let and still performing for devoted fans account of his struggle to live and her own rethroughout the world, has been glorified, ana actions to the catastrophe make vivid and sected by critics and colleagues ever since she. All of the lighter anecdotes filling out the Started dancing principal roles in the 1930s.

Presumably, publication of her "Autobiog
they enlighten us on Fonteyn's growth as on Fonteyn growth as on Fonte Presumably, publication of her 'Autobiog they enlighten us on Fonteyn's growth as a

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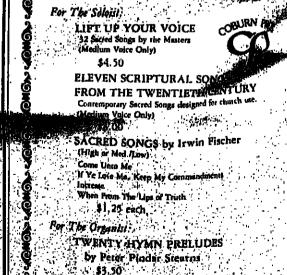
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Think.

scall the stroy of language in the value of the stroy of language in the stroy of the stroy of view.

Fight stroy of her life as a woman rather than are in a roll of her life as a woman rather than are in the language in the stroy of the public's aften in a great are. The base of the arc is her of language in the strong in the strong in a love, story, which she casts in a great are. The base of the arc is her of language in the public's aften in a great are. The base of the arc is her of language in the public's attention of staggs sell—warm, samest, shy, needy of the greatost issoms of my gareer, is he way from the base. She fetalives boundeds and champagne but no love. In 1954, at age 35 she is at the height of her career and husbandless. With the same matter-of-lact determination with which she takes ballet class every day, she decides it is "improper" for her to remain single. She will marry someone. And then along comes her idol from her teonage years, the Penamanian diplomat koberto Artas, who offers her a diamond necklage (which the ballering graciously accords as her duckland in the same wonder why she wrote a book in the first place.

Nancy Coldner writes dance criticism for the Monitor.



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## the right school?

alarming increases in on-campus violence, San reward for self-discipline." Dieguito High School, located in this southern "The monkey is on their backs," he explains. California city, can point to a drop in crime problems - and better work from its students,

The key is not elaborate alarm systems. closed-circuit TV surveillance, or more security guards; in fact it seems to be just the op-

By Lynde McCormick

Staff writer of

The Christian Science Monitor

drastically relaxed security and rules with an "open campus" policy. Where most high schools require students to remain on campus for the entire day, Mr. Morse and his staff alhe calls a "cells and bells" school - where the hallways and grounds are empty as soon as a period bell rings - San Dieguito students can list," he says. be almost anywhere on campus when they do not have a class.

"Even if a student is truant - not in an assigned class - we don't jump on him. We find out from him why he didn't want to go to trators suspend disruptive students as seldom class." says assistant principal Joanne Worth- as possible. "Our feeling is that if a student

have to be found and dragged back."

The philosophy behind Mr. Morse's policy, "and one which the students have written on a San Diego While many U.S. schools are struggling with school wall," he adds, is that "freedom is the

> "They have more freedom here, and they see that they have that freedom, and will continue to have it, if they show responsibility." Academic improvement has shown a steady

increase over the last four years, claims Mr. Morse "Where an average 50 percent of the students in California who took the school For four years principal Leonard Morse has proficiency test last year passed," 75 percent the San Dieguilo students who took it

All the San Dieguito students who took the national advanced placement test for college low pupils to come and go as long as they are rank in the nation's top 10 percent, and "stunot supposed to be in class. As opposed to what —dents who go on to college show a marked improvement both in staying in college and in achieving scholustle honors such as the dean's

In addition. San Dieguito two years ago boasted more National Merit scholars than any school in its region.

Students have no dress codes, and adminisington. "One result is that few if any of our can't adjust to school, then the last thing that

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would help him is to send him away from school. You're often just giving him what he wants. If a student is at school, we can work English or a junior in sophomore math. on the problem," says one official.

The results are impressive: • There are few fights and no racial disturbances in a school that is 16 percent Mexigood about it," says one. can-American. What vandalism there is comes rom outsiders, officials say.

· Drug problems have dropped significantly. Only one student was suspended for possession of drugs last year.

(ew students in her offices for discipline a year - perhaps about six, she estimates. Prior to the open campus policy, the number was "more like six a day."

since San Dieguito officials have allowed smoking on campus, smoking in the restrooms with its accompanying vandalism and graffiti has virtually disappeared. "We recognize that no matter what we do students are going to smoke, especially if they are allowed to do it off campus," says Mrs. Worth-

ing. "We have about 30 different English (physical education) classes is surfing, becourses, 20 social studies courses, 10 levels of cause a lot of our students surf. math, and special education - such as bilingual meet any problem."

One solution to discipline problems: end 'cells and bells' Grade levels exist only on paper at San Diegulto. A freshman can wind up in senior level

education

School officials find that this flexibility improves student morale. "The idea is that a student gets a better education if he or she feels

Although some parents are a bit unsettled by the amount of on-campus freedom, others apparently welcome it. "Many of the kids come from broken homes," says Mrs. Worthington, "and their parents are frankly relieved that someone is finding the time to care for their • Mrs. Worthington notes that she has very children." She adds that the criticism from parents has been minor.

> Principal Morse points out that the success of his program depends largely on the people running it. Most of his staff are trained in counseling. He also admits that the San Dleguito campus was less troublesome than other multiracial schools in the San Diego area before he arrived.

However, this program still has something to say to other troubled high schools around the U.S. "You have to be willing to fight for the kids - to go to bat for what they want and Mrs. Worthington claims that the school of- not what tradition says they should have," Mr. fers classes for just about any level of learn- Morse says. "For instance, one of our P.E.

"My philosophy is that students meet our exclasses and remedial speech and reading - to pectations. I try not to make rules until the need arises."



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people

# science/environment

# Man steps in to help save a friend

Staff correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Man's long-limbed and (when young) affectionate cousin, the chimpanzee, is about to gain some added protection.

Very shortly, the United States Department of the Interior is expected to place the two main species of chimpanzees on the "threatened species" list. This would stop importation of chimps into the U.S. except under special

The reason for this move is that in some of the chimpanzees' African homelands man's depredations - rising local populations as well as hunters — are thrusting these manlike apes toward extinction

A recent National Academy of Sciences report stated, for instance, that two of the biggest exporting countries, Sierra Leone and Liberia, "cannot be expected to maintain their present rate of export without exterminating their present populations of chimpanzees within a few years."

Interior Department statistics show that in the early 1970s Liberia and Sierra Leone were the main U.S. suppliers, each providing roughly half of the 150 to 250 chimpanzees imported. These imports have dropped significantly since then, partly due to new health regulations forbidding the sale of chimps as pets. But exact numbers are not available.

According to Arnold Kaulman of the Center for Disease Control in Atlanta, slightly more than half of the chimpanzees imported probably go to research laboratories. The other half, he says, go on public display — mainly in circuses. A small proportion end up in 2008.

Conservationists are most concerned over two aspects of the chimpanzee imports: the high mortality rate at capture and what they feel is the excessive use of primates in general, and chimpanzees in particular, for medi-

The traditional method of capture is to kill a mother and take her young. The Interior Department uses a rule of thumb that for every chimp brought into the U.S. about four to six mothers were killed.

Dr. Shirley McGreal, cochairman of the International Primate Protection League, cites studies showing that only one infant out of three captured actually survives and three or four mothers are killed for each infant captured. She says that tranquilizer guns still produce fatalities.

Dr. McGreal insists she is no anti-vivisectionist. But she insists the laboratory use of primates (including chimpanzees) is tremendously wasteful. "It's gone berserk," she says.

William Conway, general director of New York's Bronx Zoo, also is concerned about primate imports. He favors the "threatened specles' listing of chimpanzees, which is expected to cut imports by two-thirds.

"The destruction of primates for medical research simply surpasses any moral justifica-



Snatched from their jungle home, many chimps end up in circuses and zoos.

tion," he says. It doesn't always occur to researchers that they could just as well use rats,

Dr. Kaufmann disagrees. He counters that

chimpanzees are involved (costing more than \$1,000 each) experimenters must have a prettyvell-thought-out program.

Dr. McGreal remains concerned, however, the uso of rats-is not always appropriate or over the use of a threatened species for repossible. And when expensive animals like search which results in a large mortality rate.

# Was the flat earth theory just a mirage?

The early belief that the world was flat was based on a mirage - an Arctic mirage At least that is what two Canadian actentists think, and they have marshaled evidence from satellite photos, optics and ancient sagas to argue their case.

ergue their case.

Writing in a recent issue of the journal. Science, geographer H. L. Sawatzky and engi-neer W. H Lehn of the University of Manitobain Winnipeg propose that mirages which occur if to engul, the observer in the North Atlantic, called hillingar in Icelan. In medieval times the

Although not as well known as the fata morgana, or desert mirage, the hillingar can be familiar today from Greek and Roman myth-

In 1939, a sea captain in the North Atlantic rugh the horizon is normally less than 40

"At sas ... the visual impact of the mirage is much more protound even than on land," the scientists report. In experiments they found that in a small boat the mirage makes it appear as it the water slopes up on all sides "as

in the North Atlantic, caned hungar in testant. In mediave, times the work was into dic, form a "logical basis" for the concept of a be flat or saucer-shaped on its disk rested the lat or saucer-shaped world. They also may ex. World Island. At the island's outermost edge plain some of the legendary discoveries of was a dim lind called Ultima Thus. This fronted on the all-encompassing ocean. Scholars have assumed that this concept

ology originated in the Mediterranean and While the Mirage is in full action, the sce- gradually worked northward into the folk leg-

ers from the south picked up these ideas in the north and carried them back.

Eskimo read details about distant lands in reported sighting an island 300 miles away al. the Arctic sky. Therefore it would not be surprising if the early Norse seamen used mirages as navigation aids, Professors Sawatzky and Lehn reason. In fact, they say, mirages may even account for the discovery of Iceland and Greenland.

Satellite photographs show that conditions which could make sinlight glinting off ice-land's mighty Vaina glacier visible from the Farce islands 240 miles away occur frequently. And what is known of the climate of the first millennium. A.D., suggests that such mirages would happen more often back them, the scient.

We balleve that information gleaned from these mirages was vital to Norse navigation! and exploration in the North Atlantic," the sci-

### How old is the universe?

By Robert C. Cowen

Pinning down the age of the universe is an exercise in precision, indirection, and

It took measurements of nuclear processes accurate to parts per billion to come up with the latest figure of 20 billion years — one of the oldest estimates make Yet, to believe that number, the b vestigators must have faith in unprove assumptions in the train of logic that as nects their measurements with there

Those physicists, John C. Browne Barry L. Berman of the *Univers*ity of Cal ifornia's Lawrence Radiation Laborator, worked with a kind of atomic "clock"

#### Research notebook

he decay of a radioactive form of the ch ment rhenium into a stable form of 05 mium. It runs at a steady rate in which half of a given amount of rhenium turns into osmium roughly every 44 billion

Knowing that rate and assuming the the relative abundance of the two elements in meteorites reflects the country production of rhenium up to formation of he solar system some 4.5 billion years ago, the two physicists could estimate when the first rhenium was produced in our galaxy. It turned out to be about is ollion years ago. They add a couple of bilion years to get the age of the universe by assuming it took that long for galaxies form after the birth of the universe n explosion of primordial energy.

While this assumption, and the assump ion that meteorites are valid cosmic samples, are widely accepted by astrophys cists, they can't be proved at this time. That's one reason you have to take such age estimates as much on faith as on the

Drs. Browne and Berman have clear up one uncertainty. Some of the mele oritic osmium could have been made by process other than rhenium decay. They have made the first detailed study ompeting process and could co for it in their calculations.

Their 20-billion-year ag "clock" gives 14 pullar years. Estimate based on the speed with which the yerse seems to be expanding - a free nique that includes assumptions, size or brightness of distant obje range from 15 to 20 billion years.

Prof. George O. Abell of the University of California at Los Angeles suggested the latter age in 1971; More recently, an exhaustive analysis by Alan Sandage and G A. Tammann of the Hale Observatories gives 17 billion years as a "best" est mate,

A spread of six billion years out of may seem a wide margin of uncertainty. But in calculations that mix pracision neasurements with unprovable assump tions, the wonder is that there is even this degree of agreement. Something as seen ingly beyond out ken as the age of the universe turns out to be reasonal knowably after all ...

### How to make a seal feel at home

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

By Robert Donaldson Special to The Christian Science Monitor

There is nothing like a new puppy to enliven things around the house - especially if it is a

Four households in the Boston area currently are providing "foster homes" for the are New England Aquarium staff members or — sounds in anticipation of feeding time. selected volunteers

The silvery-gray orphans, none more than one month old, will be cared for in their foster homes until old enough to be weaned and re-

Mrs. William T. Carpenter Jr., president of the Aquarium volunteer association, has kept one of the young seals in her Swampscott home for three weeks. The lively baby - called "Nick" in honor of the man who found him, a Mr. Nickerson - has gained 13 pounds during that time, she says.

Mrs. Carpenter at first kept her pup in a small playpen in her house, but soon found a ter's, to the sea. Any remaining ones will be more elaborate structure was required. So she placed in various aquariums.

had her garage converted to a nursery. Then she had a 50-foot perimeter pen built in her backyard, incorporating her wading pool.

The first feeding for the baby seal is at about 4:30 each morning, immediately followed with a bath. There are four more daily feedings of a specially prepared formula, including heavy cream and powdered cottage cheese, in an eight-ounce bottle.

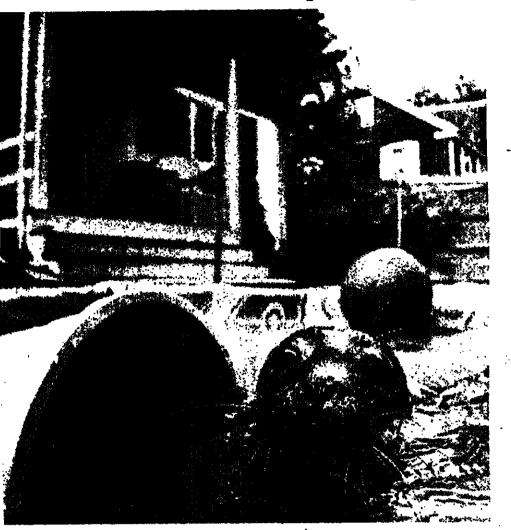
With the bottle convincingly disguised behind a black cloth screen, Mrs. Carpenter's seal needs no coaxing at dinnertime. But she has had considerably less success teaching the youngster to eat small pieces of fish - he merely chases the tidbits around the pool with

Another Aquarium volunteer, Robert Mckenzie, has been tube feeding his seal pup since he took custody of it. He keeps a detailed notebook of observations on its progress and same number of harbor sent pups found aban-reports anything significant to the Aquarium doned on the Maine and Massachusetts coasts. on a regular basis, Last week, for example, he The temporary caretakers of the baby seals, noted his seal begon making distinct "maw"

> Rosalyn Ridgway, director of public relations at the Aquarium, warns anyone spotting a baby seal should not automatically assume it has been abandoned. Instead, she suggests the animal be observed for a period of 24 hours in case the mother returns.

According to Mr. Prescott, a seal in its natural environment is nursed by its mother until it is about 60 days old, at which time the mother

The Aquarium's current grant will enable it to return the hardiest seals, like Mrs. Carpen-



Baby seal, Nick, moves into the suburbs

### Illiterate fisherman takes Taiwan's art world by storm

By William Armbruster Special to

The Christian Science Monitor

An illiterate fisherman who turned to art at the age of 50 has suddenly taken Taiwan's art world by storm. A recent twoweek exhibition of Hung Tung's paintings at the United States Information Service office in Taipel attracted more than 5,000 people a day - by far the largest crowd ever to view a USIS

Mr. Hung began painting seven years ago when he started doodling with some Chinese characters written by his son. "Hey, I can draw," he exclaimed. That very day he told his wife that he would never go back to fishing, and he has kept

Mr. Hung has left his native fishing village, Nankunshen, in

southern Talwan, only a few times. (In fact he had visited a big city only once before coming to Taipei last month for the opening of his exhibition. That was in 1973 when he visited Kaohalus, a busy port and manufacturing center in southern Taiwan.) His main themes are taken from the daily life of Nankunshen, which contains less than 100 people but boasts one of Taiwan's most famous temples, the Temple of the Five

#### Religious festivals portrayed

Both the temple and Taiwanese religious festivals figure . a feature story about Hung in 1972, but the article had little prominently in Mr. Hung's paintings; fish and boats also appear frequently. His scrolls abound with brightly colored min-

Despite the fact that Mr. Hung never attended school, he has learned a few Chinese characters, Japanese kana, and En-

Courtesy of Artist megazine

Mr. Hung outside his home

though he admits he doesn't understand their meaning. Mr. Hung had received some recognition and encour-

agement before the USIS opening. Five years ago Mr. Hung showed some of his paintings - which he said had been drawn by a friend - to Chang Bei-vao, a local artist. When Chang said the paintings were brilliant, Hung's face lit up, and he announced that he himself was the artist.

Too, Echo magazine, an English-language monthly devoted to Chinese culture and sold both in Taiwan and abroad, carried

#### Magazine features artist

In fact, almost no one in Taiwan had heard of Mr. Hung until March, when Artist magazine, the sponsor of his exhibition at USIS, devoted 50 pages of its March issue to a discussion of Hung and his works. Only three days prior to the opening of the exhibition, Mr. Hung became an overnight sensation. Newspaper columnists and critics of all persuasions expressed their opinions about the significance of his art. According to Ho Cheng-kuang, editor of Artist, some people who initially had labeled Hung's work as childish called him a genius after they had seen the exhibit.

Perhaps the most important reason for the local fascination with Hung Tung is that he is truly native, which has prompted a certain degree of pride among Talwanese. As one collegeeducated woman, who was originally from rural Talwan but now lives in Talpel, said, "He rominds us of what our life used. to be like before we came into contact with modern civiliza-

tion." Surphish not an art exhibit, it's a happening," said Neal Donnelly, a USIS official. "There are people coming here who have never been to an art exhibit in their lives. One morning hibit dicin't open until 10 a.m.

#### Ambassador given painting

Mr. Hung refuses to sell any of his paintings, though he has been offered as much as (U.S.) \$2,500 for individual works. He did, however, present U.S. Ambassador Lognard Unger with one painting as a gift in appreciation for allowing the exhibit to be hold at USIS. When I asked artist editor lie the significance. of the painting Hung had given to Unger. He said he did not know— and added that Hung probably did not know either. Mr. Hung never goes out without his woolen cap, and his fa-yorite shirt is decorated with his own artwork, as is his house.

His wife works to support the family, "If she doesn't make enough money," says Mr. Hung, "we don't cat, but we drink a

He used to say he would gladly donate all his paintings to. the government if it would only fix the leaky roof of his home. low his dieam has come true. The Talwan Provincial Government has decided to build a house for him - and he can still keep his painlings.



A Hung Tung print

# French/German

### Les ennuis de Moscou

, par Joseph C. Harsch

la résistance effective s'est effondrée en sérieusement une promesse faite indi-Angola devant des forces armées sou- rectement au Secrétaire d'Etat améritenues par Moscou et conduites au combat par les Cubains, agissant probablement à la solde de Moscou. Le dernier combat sérieux fut rapporté le 8 février. L'Organisation de l'Unité africaine (O.U.A.) reconnut officiellement le nouveau régime de l'Angola en l'admettant comme membre en tant que gouvernement le 11 février.

A l'époque cela fut considéré comme une éclatante victoire de l'impérialisme soviétique. Mais quel bien cela a-t-il réellement fait à Moscou?

Selon les derniers rapports il y avait des forces armées en campagne aussi bien dans le nord que dans le sud de l'Angola résistant contre l'autorité du gouvernement de Luanda. Apparemment la guerre civile n'a pas pris fin avec l'effondrement présumé des forces rivales. Agostino Neto, chef du gouvernement de Luanda et chef du parti victorieux dans la guerre civile, le parti dénommé Mouvement populaire pour la libération de l'Angola (M.P.L.A.), n'a pas encore le contrôle militaire complet de tout l'Angola. Il s'est récemment rendu à Cuba où il a présenté une requête à Fidel Castro afin qu'il laisse ses troupes en Angola.

par Joseph C. Harsch
Six mois se sont écoulés depuis que M. Castro n'ait l'intention d'exécuter cain. Henry Kissinger, de rapatrier ses troupes graduellement, de sorte qu'à la fin de l'année une bonne partie d'entre elles seraient de retour à Cuba.

A cette occasion il est rapporté que M. Castro a promis de laisser toutes ses troupes en Angola pour le moment et meme d'en envoyer d'autres si cela était nécessaire. Autant pour la pro-messe faite à M. Kissinger. Mais pourquoi M. Neto est-il si désireux de garder des troupes étrangères en Angola? La réponse évidente est que sans l'armée cubaine il n'y aurait ni loi ni ordre en Angola et pas la plus petite chance de remettre l'économie du pays sur pied.

M. Neto est en train d'inviter les industriels et les cadres portugais à revenir en Angola pour aider à la reconstruction économique du pays. Apparemment cela ne peut être fait que derrière le bouclier protecteur des soldats cubains qui, en fait, maintiennent l'ordre dans le pays. Ainsi il existe l'anomalie suivante : un gouvernement noir africain utilisant des soldats cubains pour protéger les Portugais blancs qui doivent revenir en nombre important pour sauver l'Angola du chaos et de la famine.

Les Occidentaux ont généralement supposé que toutes les fois que Moscou soutient un « mouvement de libération nationale » son but final est d'avoir une influence politique et d'obtenir des bases militaires. L'Angola ne sera pas très utile à Moscou pour l'installation de le plus loyal, pour la raison évidente bases militaires à moins que le pays ne devienne économiquement viable. Cela Castro s'effondrerait. Il dépend d'une gande valable que d'accepter l'aide de Moscou si à la fin on doit se retourner vers l'ancienne « puissance coloniale » afin d'obtenir l'assistance technique nécessaire pour faire travailler le pays. Le Portugal offre apparemment à l'Angola une aide bien plus pratique que

ne le fait l'Union soviétique. Tout cela fait le point sur la perspective de l'impérialisme soviétique pendant la décennie des années 70. Oui, il existe un impérialisme soviétique. Les Soviets saisissent toute occasion propre peuple, doit importer du blé! possible pour gagner de l'influence poli- ne reste pas beaucoup d'argent des tique et des bases militaires. Mais leurs le budget soviétique pour l'ut l gains ne sont pas particulièrement im- l'étranger. Et l'aide étrangère estress pressionnants. En fait ils ont probable- saire pour arroser et fertiliser un esse ment moins d'influence politique en heureux. Afrique aujourd'hui qu'ils n'en avaient Le fait est que l'Union soviétique dans le milieu des années 50, lorsque la n'est pas encore assez riche en repéens était à son plus haut point et que florissant.

Quel bien Moscou retire-t-elle de tout cela ? Moscou se faisait passer pour le 1001.

Cela nous amène à une question intéressante. Moscou est certainement une puissance aspirant ardenment l'impérialisme. Mais elle n'est pas une puissance imperiale dont le succès es impressionnant. Cuba est son satellite allocation de Moscou s'élevant à un million de dollars par jour.

Mais comparativement aux Etats Unis et aux pays de l'Europe occiden tale, l'Union soviétique est un pays avare. Les peuples qui se tournent ver Moscou pour obtenir de l'aide stri d'ordinaire amèrement désappointe Les Soviets prennent aux autres, mus donnent très peu. L'Egypte en est in exemple.

Moscou, incapable de nourrir 😹

liquidation des anciens empires euro- sources pour entretenir un empire

# Moskaus Schwierigkeiten

Von Joseph C. Harsch

Vor sechs Monaten brach in Angola der Widerstand gegen die von Moskau unterstützten Streitkräfte zusammen, die von den vermutlich im Sold der Russen stehenden Kubanern angeführt wurden. Die letzten ernsten Kampfhandlungen, von denen berichtet wurde, fanden am 8. Februar statt. Am 11. Februar hat die Organisation für Afrikanische Einheit (OAU) das neue Regime in Angola offiziell als Mitglied aufgenommen.

Dies wurde damais als ein großer Truppen in Angola zu haben? Die Ant-Sieg für das imperialistische Machtstre- wort besteht offensichtlich darin, daß ben der Sowjetunion angesehen. Aber es ohne diese kubanischen Truppen was hat es nun Moskau eigentlich genützt?

Nach letzten Berichten gab es im nördlichen und südlichen Angola Streit-kräfte, die der Regierung in Luanda Neto f Widerstand leisteten. Offenbar hat der listen ur Bürgerkrieg nicht mit einer Kapitulation des Gegners geendet. Agostinho Neto, Regierungschef in Luanda und Führer der Siegerpartei im Bürgerkrieg, der sogenannten Volksfront für die Befreiung Angolas (MPLA), hat noch nicht das ganze Land militärisch unter Kontrolle. Und kürzlich ist er in Kuba gewesen und het Fidel Castro gebeten, seine Truppen weiterhin in Angola zu

Neto war offenbar besorgt, daß Castro sein Versprechen, das er indirekt US-

By Jeseph C. Harsch

slating the authority of the government in

Luanda. The civil war apparently did not end

with the formal collapse of the rival efforts: Agostlaho Neto, head of the government in Luanda and leader of the successful faction in the civil war, the so-called Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola (MPLA), la not yet in full military control of all of Angola And he has recently been in Cuba where he petitioned Fidel Castro to keep his troops in An-

Außenminister Henry Kissinger gegeben hatte, wahr machen würde, nämlich seine Truppen allmählich abzuziehen, so daß ein beträchtlicher Teil Ende des Jahres wieder in Kuba sein würde.

Castro soll anläßlich des Besuches von Neto versprochen haben, seine Truppen bis auf weiteres in Angola zu lassen und, falls erforderlich, weitere Kontin-gente zu entsenden. Soweit das Versprechen, das Castro Dr. Kissinger gegeben hat. Aber warum ist Neto so sehr daran interessiert, ausländische keine Ruhe und Ordnung in Angola gäbe und nicht die geringste Chance, die Wirtschaft des Landes wieder anzu-

Neto fordert portugiesische Industria-listen und andere Führungskräfte auf, nach Angola zurückzukehren und beim wirtschaftlichen Aufbau zu helfen. Offenbar ist dies nur unter dem Schutz der kubanischen Soldaten möglich, die im Grunde die Polizeimacht im Lande sind. Das ist also die Ironie, daß eine afrikanische Regierung kubanischer Soldaten zur Gewährleistung der Sicherheit der weißen Portugiesen bedarf, die in beträchtlicher Anzahl zurückkehren müssen, wenn Angola vor Chaos und Hunger bewahrt werden

Welchen Nutzen kann Moskau aus all und Moskau gab sich als Vorkämper dem ziehen?

Westliche Beobachter waren gewöhnlich der Meinung, daß Moskau, wenn es Punkt. Moskau ist ganz gewiß ein vereine "einheimische Befreiungsbewe- bissener Möchtegern, was sein impegung" unterstützt, sich letzten Endes politischen Einfluß und Militärstütz- kann jedoch mit seinen Erfolgen als impunkte verspricht. Angola wird für perleistische Macht keinen Enduck Moskau nicht von großem Nutzen sein, machen. Kuba ist sein treuesier Saleiwas die Militärstützpunkte betrifft, es sei denn, daß es wirtschaftlich wieder weil das Castro-Regime in kanden lebensfähig wird. Auch kann es nicht gerade für Moskau sprechen, wenn die Führer Angolas zunächst sowjetische zung in Höhe von einer Million Dollar Hilfe in Anspruch nehmen und dann pro Tag angewiesen.
doch noch die alte "Kolonialmacht" um
die für die Funktionsfähigkeit des Landes notwendige technische Hilfe bitten müssen. Portugal kann anscheinend mehr praktische Hilfe leisten als die sich an Moskau um Hilfe wendet, erlebi Sowietunion.

All dies verschafft uns ein ganz anderes Bild von dem sowjetischen Im- aber sie selbst geben sehr wenig perialismus der siebziger Jahre. Ja. es Agypten ist das beste Beispiel dafür perialismus der siebziger Jahre. Ja, es gibt einen sowjetischen Imperialismus, und die Sowjets nehmen jede nur er- nicht ausreichend mit Lebensmit denkliche Gelegenheit wahr, um sich politischen Einfluß und Milltärstütz- punkte zu verschaffen. Doch ihre Er- wirklich nicht viel für die Ausland wirklich nicht viel für die Ausland in der Schaffen bei den wirklich nicht viel für die Ausland in der Schaffen bei den den der Schaffen bei der Schaffen bei den der Schaffen bei den der Schaffen bei der Schaffen bei der Schaffen bei den der Schaffen bei der Sc folge sind nicht besonders eindrucks- hilfe übrig. Aber die Auslandshilfe voll. Ihr politischer Einfluß in Afrika gerade des Mittel, mit dem man sie ist heute wahrscheinlich geringer als in ein Imperium bei der Stange hält. den fünfziger Jahren. Damals war die Tatsache ist, daß die Sowjehnschen noch nicht reich genug det, im de Reiche auf dem Höhepunkt angelangt, florierendes Imperium zu verso

der Freiheit aus.

Das bringt uns zu einem interessanten

Im Vergleich zu den Vereinigen Stanten und den Ländern Westeuropes sich an Moskau um Hilfe wendet, erlebt gewöhnlich eine bittere Entläuschung Die Sowjets nehmen zwar von anderen

Da die Sowjetunion ihre Bevölkerun

### Moscow's troubles

It has been six months since effective resis- Castro might be intending seriously to execute and starvation.

Mr. Neto was apparently worried that Mr. stantial numbers to save Angola from chaos was at its height and

It has been six months since effective reals castro might be intending seriously to execute and starvation. The last serious registric was reported on Feb. 8. The Organization of Atrices, Unity (OAU) officially admitted the new registric in Abgola to membership as a govern. At latest reports the imperial Soylet Union, But how much good has it really done Moscow?

At latest reports there were forces in the field both in northern and sputtern Angola re stating the authority of the government in allebtest change of getting the agontme of the proposition which use for the country being and system to be appeared to execute and starvation.

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Station might be indending seriously to execute and starvation. be no law and order in Angola and not the slightest chance of getting the economy of the country working again.

fluence and military bases. Angola won't be of satellite, for the obvious reason that without much use to Moscow for military bases unless aid from Moscow the Castro regime in the the country becomes economically viable. Nor would collapse. It depends on a subsidy from can it be much of an advertisement for taking Moscow of a million dollars a day help from Moscow if in the end its leaders But compared to the United Stranger of the old "colonial power" for constraint of Western Engage the the technical help necessary to make the country work Portugal is apparently being of more practical help to Angola than is the Soviet

Mr. Neto is inviting Portuguese industrialists and managerial types back to Angola to help in the economic reconstruction. It apparently can be done only behind the shield of the Cuban soldlers who are in effect policing the country. So there is the anomaly of a native African government using Cutan soldlers to project the white Poituguese who must come back in sub-

the new champion of Hours

Coursel out of all this? This leads to an interesting question. thoward tertainly an eager and would-be interation rial power. But it is not an impr movement its and purpose is political in cessful imperial power. Cuba is its most hope

But compared to the United States and the countries of Western Europe the Soviet Union is a stingy country. People who turn to Mos cow for aid usually find themselves bittery disappointed. The Soviets take from others, bol

French/German

[This religious article appears in English on the Home Forum page] Traduction de l'article religieux paraissant en angleis aur la page The Home Forum [Uny traduction tranquise est publiée chaque semaine]

#### Le bien et le mal

Bien des gens croient que le bien et le mal ne dépendent que des opinions des personnes ou des groupes qui entretiennent de telles opinions et cette croyance générale devrait nous préoccuper. N'existe-t-il pas une base solide pour les pensées et le comportement du genre humain? Dans la négative, alors, comment les lois sont-elles élaborées et comment jugeons-nous à qui incombe la responsabilité des actions des Individus ?

La Science Chrétienne\* enseigne que Dicu est Principe divin et qu'il gouverne effectivement l'univers. Les Dix Commandements, les lois données à Moise par Dieu, sont des directives fondamentales que les humains doivent suivre s'ils veulent voir la loi, l'ordre, la paix et la satisfaction se manifester dans leur existence. Christ Jésus condensa en deux les Dix Commandements. « Tu aimeras le Seigneur, ton Dieu, de tout ton cœur, de toute ton fime, de toute ta force, et de toute ta pensee; et ton prochain comme tol-

Si nous aimons véritablement notre prochain, nous le verrons en tant qu'enfant spirituel parfait de Dieu. Il n'y a alors aucune incertitude quant à sa nature réclie et nous aussi sommes certains de notre propre intégrité et de notre propre identité. Dieu, Principe, est également Amour divin; par conséquent, le bien qui est Principe est exprimé dans l'homme parfait de Dieu. Tandis que nous embrassons mentalement les autres dans notre pensée, aussi blen ceux qui sont près de nous que ceux dont nous sommes éloignés, et que nous les considérons en tant qu'enfants parfaits de Dieu, cet amour qui guérit aldera à détruire le matérialisme de notre époque. Le péché, la maladie et la mort ne font aucunement partie de l'homme réel, l'univers réel

C'est à chacun d'entre nous qu'incombe la responsabilité d'apprendre à distinguer entre le bien et le mal et de choisir le vral. C'est là notre devoir envers Dieu et envers l'humanité. Le véritable critère d'après lequel nous pouvons juger de la justesse de le fait de savoir si elles émanent de Dieu. Mary Baker Eddy, Découvreur et Fondateur de la Science Chrétienne, écrit : · Fixez votre pensée fermement sur les choses permanentes, bonnes et vraies, et vous les ferez entrer dans votre expérience dans la mesure où elles occuperont vos pensées. » Nous devrions éviter d'essaver d'élaborer nos propres règles de vie basées sur des influences et des désirs personnels. Croire en un Dieu à la fois bon et mauvais nous priverait d'un Principe directeur, laissant l'univers sans règle ni loi et sujet à des opinions vaciliantes.

En projetant un voyage, nous consultons des cartes et sulvons les signaux indiquant la direction à prendre. Qu'en serait-il si nous n'avions aucun de ces guides ? Si nous sommes incertains quant à la bonne direction à prendre pour arriver à notre destinution, nos craintes peuvent nous priver de la beauté et de la joie qui devraient faire partie de notre voyage.

Bien qu'ils semblent parfois désobéls-

nos pensées et de nos actions réside dans sants par ignorance ou volonté humaine. les enfants désirent en réalité être guidés; ils veulent savoir ce que l'on attend d'eux. Les adultes également sont perdus si l'Amour leur fait défaut, le Principe divin qui les protège de la confusion créée par toutes sortes d'opinions humaines. Les jalons spirituels indiquent le chemin.

L'apôtre Paul a dit : « Ayez en vous les sentiments qui étaient en Jésus-Christ. »3 Voilà la facon la olus sûre de pouvoir distinguer le vrai du faux.

Luc 10:27; \* Science et Santé avec la Clef des Ecritures, p. 261; \* Philippiens 2:5.

\*Christian Science , prononcer "kristienn "selennce

La traduction trançaise du livre d'étude de la Science Chrétienne, « Science et Santé avec la Cief des Ecritures y de Mary Baker Eddy, existe avec le teste an-julais en regard. On peut l'echeter dans las Baites de Lec-fure de la Science Chrétienne, ou le commander à Frances C Carlson, Publisher's Agent. One Norway Street, Boeton, Massachusella, USA 02115.

Pour tous renseignements sur les autres publications de la Science Chéélenne en français, écrire à The Chris-tion Boience Publishing Society, One Norway Street, Bos-ton, Massachusatts, U.S.A. 021 ts.

[This religious article appears in English on the Home Forum page] Übersetzung des auf der Home-Forum-Seite in anglisch erscheinenden reäglösen Artikale [Eine deutsche Übersetzung erscheint wochentlich]

#### **Recht und Unrecht**

Heutzutage vertreten viele den Standpunkt. daß Recht und Unrecht nur von den Ansichten der Personen oder Gruppen abhänge, die diese Ansichten hegen. Das sollte uns bedenklich stimmen. Gibt es keine feste Grundlage für das Denken und Verhalten der Menschen? Wenn nicht, wie werden dann Gesetze entworfen und wie beurtellen wir die Verantwortung für die Handlungen des cinzel-

Die Christliche Wissenschaft\* lehrt, daß Gott göttliches Prinzip ist und daß Er das Universum regiert. Die Zehn Gebote, die Geseize, die Gott Mose gab, sind grundlegende Richtlinien, die die Menschen befolgen müssen, wenn sie sich Gesetz und Ordnung, Frieden und Befriedigung in ihrem Leben wünschen. Christus Jesus faüte die Zehn Gebote in zwelen zusammen. "Du sollst Gott, deinen Herrn, lieben von ganzem Herzen, von ganzer Seele, von allen Kräften und von ganzem Gemitte und deinen Nächsten wie dich selbst."

Wenn wir unseren Nächsten wirklich Heben, werden wir ihn als das vollkommene geistige Kind Gottes sehen. Dann gibt es

keine Ungewißheit hinsichtlich seines wahren Wesens, und wir sind uns auch unserer eigenen Rechtschaffenheit und Identität bewußt. Gott, Prinzip, ist auch göttliche Liebe; daher ist das Gute, das Prinzip lst, in Gottes vollkommenem Menschen ausgedrückt. Wenn wir andere, ganz gleich, ob sie in unserer Nähe oder weit von uns entfernt sein mögen, als die vollkommenen Kinder Gottes sehen. wird diese heilende Liebe dazu beitragen, den Materialismus unserer Zelt zu zerstören. Sünde. Krenkheit und Tod sind kein Teil des wirklichen Menschen und des wirklichen Uni-

Die Verantwortung, zwischen Recht und-Unrecht unterscheiden zu lernen und das Rechte zu wählen, liegt bei jedem von uns. Dies ist unsere Pflicht gegen Gott und die Menschheit. Der wahre Prüfstein für die Richtigkeit unserer Gedanken und Handlungen ist, ob sie von Gott stammen. Mary Baker Eddy, die Entdeckerin und Gründerin der Christlichen Wissenschaft, schreibt: "Halte das Denken beständig auf das Dauernde, das Gute und das Wahre gerichtet,

dann wirst du das Dauernde, das Gute und das Wahre in dem Verhältnis erleben, wie es deine Gedanken beschäftigt." Wir sollten vermeiden, unsere eigenen Regeln für das Leben aufsteilen zu wollen, die sich auf persönliche Wünsche und Einflüsse gründen. An einen Gott zu glauben, der sowohl gut als auch böse ist, wilrde uns eines leitenden Prinzips berauben und das Universum ohne Regel oder Gesetz lassen, schwankenden Melnungen unterworfen.

Wenn wir eine Reise planen, ziehen wir Landkarten zu Rate und folgen den Wegweisern. Was geschähe, wenn wir kelns von diesen hätten, um geführt zu werden? Wenn wir uns nicht im klaren sind, welches die rechte Straße zu unserem Bestimmungsort ist, können unsere Befürchtungen uns der Schönheit und Freude berauben, die ein Teil unserer Reise sein sollten.

Kinder wollen wirklich Führung, obwohl se manchmal durch Unwissenheit oder Elgenwillen ungehorsam.zu sein scheinen; sie wollen wissen, was von ihnen erwartet wird,

Auch Erwachsene sind ohne die götiliche Liebe verloren, ohne das göltliche Prinzip, das sie davor bewahrt, durch alle möglichen menschlichen Meinungen verwirrt zu werden. Geistige Wegweiser zeigen den Weg.

Der Apostel Paulus sagte: "Ein jeglicher sel gesinnt, wie Jesus Christus auch war." Dies ist die sicherste Art. Recht und Unrecht zu unterscheiden.

Lukas 10:27; Wissenschaft und Gesundheit mit Schlüssel zur Heiligen Schrift, S. 261; Philipper 2:5.

"Christian Science: sprich; kritation statens.

Die deutsche Übersetzung des Lehrbuchs der Christichen Wissenschaft, "Wissenschaft und Gesundheit mit Schliesei zur Heitigen Schrift" von Mary Baker Eddy, ist mit dem englischen Text auf der gegenüberliegenden Seite schänlich. Das Buch kann in den Lesszimmen der Christlichen Wesenschaft gekauf werden oder von Frances C. Carlson, Publisher's Agent, One Norway Street, Boston, Messschusetts, USA 02115.



Race to the water

"Mending Nets on the Nile": Photograph by Henry Pelham Burn

REFLECTIONS BY THE **NILE RIVER** 

Ten years ago I walked this way and caught the waters of the Nile, lit by the evening sun, as if, in their rippled hands, cupping the hopes of millions.

One fisherman, bending to repair his net, reminds me of the ordered flow of life, the other, cast in some meandering private thought, that with life goes a dream, a birthright.

Another evening comes, and sitting beneath the trees that overhang the bank of that great river, seeing to the mending of the net, let us admit the thoughts that stir us deeply, and leave their pale reflections to the setting sun.

Henry Pelham Bum

my class are finishing their sundown prayers; think, way speaks larry good engish, trans. The chant of their voices rises and falls softly. Tates for Abu and Lassana, who speak very in the gathering African darkness. We go little. Then everyone joins in Fourteen pray God," they had told me as they always, voices follow mine. There are seven days in do, before they go cultide. Sometimes I stand a week in the doorway and watch the town and the Karilala cornes in late. He steps to this sunset allhoughtes of giant trees as the men front challed in middle fingers anapping loudly together to Allah.

The earth in submission "Good evaning, Teacher" he says. "Nurse" it

inside after prayer time, the lantern is lit.

front shaking my hand Liberian style, our middle fingers anapping loudly together "Good evening, Teacher" he says: "Nure?" say in Mandingo We go over the blookboard sentences again.

### Romeo and Juliet in Kenya

Franco Zeffirelli's film of "Romeo and Ju- took his flask liet" is being released again, I notice. Every dagger the girls behind us drew in their time I see the ads for it, I think of the time breath at what she was considering. "Don't!" Donanne and I saw it - in Nairobi. It was they whispered. "Don't!" A strange feeling late on a Tuesday afternoon, around 5:50 of animal dread exuded from the row behind p.m., the last day of the film's Nairobi run, us. Then Juliet drove the dagger into her and we got there late. In fact, we arrived in heart. Muted gasps came from those teenthe middle of the first fight.

tering as Capulets and Montagues fought medieval Verona back into modern-day Naithrough the streets of medieval Verona. Car- robi. We filed out of our row, knowing that in rots and tomatoes seemed to fly at us from a moment or two we would be walking over off the screen. We had an odd sense of trying to the Hilton coffee shop to have the best to dodge them as we looked for seats.

We had expected the theater to be almost. Africa. empty. What, after all, did a Shakespearean But the school girls in the aisle in front of play, four hundred years old, have to say to us did not walk so briskly. Some of them had the moviegoers of modern-day Kenya?

But the rear third of the theater was sol- asked one of the girls. idly filled. The audience was caught up in the "Embu," she replied softly, not wanting to film. They laughed hard at Mercutio spouting break the mood the film had set her in. words in a fountain that was spouting water Embu is a small Kikuyu town two hours and at Juliet's nurse wrestling Romeo to her drive north of Nairobi. Most of its people are lap in a church. Perhaps surprisingly - cer- peasants, just as most of the people in medic tainly I was surprised - they found that val Verona must have been. Unemployment stead of merely reverential ones; that Zeffi- the pattern of rural life all combine to give relli's Romeo and Juliet looked and acted like the young Kenyans a good deal of time to tcen-agers; that the horseplay was funny and loaf about the open-air market and the bus the swordplay rough and exciting. The au- stop, Embu's equivalents of Verona's piazza. dience was caught up, all right. During the There the young men must watch for and balcony scene, played with great ardor, we pick fights with young Kambas and Kalenjins heard young voices behind us softly whis- and Luos whom most of their sisters cannot

"Parting is such sweet sorrow," one of the girl attending secondary school is privivoices sighed with anguish at the end of the leged. The status and wealth which underscene. I stole a glance behind us. A dozen gird this attendance are such as to make her teen-aged African girls were sitting there. the social equal of Romeo, Juliet, and their They were secondary school students in friends. If the girl's father is rich, as he prob-school uniforms - gray wool skirts, white ably is, he will try to arrange an advanblouses and dark green blazers - and they tageous marriage for her, probably to an were spelibound. Their open-mouthed, wide- older man, and he will expect her to feel eyed faces all tilted upward toward the grateful to him for securing her a safe fu

And, I thought, why not? They were teen- "Did you enjoy the film" agers, after all, and this was a story of star- Embu girl. crossed teen-age love. The girls's probably be-lieved in love at first sight. They probably ac-her head and gazed at me with large dark cepted the code that forced Romeo to avenge eyes. the death of a Montague by taking the life of "Do you think Juliet was foolish," I asked. a Capulet. They may have even supposed "to kill herself like that?" that dying for love was sensible and right.

tomb, a hush fell over the theater. When she was foolish." came upon Romeo and gazed at him with confusion and whispered, "Your lips are still warm!" the sense of tension grew. When she

A reach of river

Watching for it:

Eastward to sea

like whitest ploughs,

ravish an easy river.

fruit so ready it foams

the Sunday morning boats

the seam simple to maneuver

as cutting a ripe greengage:

season of surf-wakes

the mounding bridges

in their watery funhouse mirrors

and banks awash, The marginal trees.

aged throats.

Lettuces were rolling across cobblestones, . A few moments later the lights came on women were shricking and tradesmen scat- This catapulted Donanne and me out of American hamburgers you can buy in East

tears in their eyes. "Where are you from?"

hakespeare could inspire real reactions, in- the difficulty of securing school positions and marry due to age-old tribal feuds. An Embu

She looked at me for a very long moment Certainly, when Juliet awakened in the "No," she finally said, "I do not think she

Frederic Hunte

The Monitor's religious article

### Right and wrong

and wrong depend only upon the opinions of tain as to the right road to our destination. the individuals or groups holding them, our fears can rob us of the beauty and happishould be of concern to us. Is there no firm ness that should be part of our journey. basis for the thinking and behavior of mankind? If there is none, then how are laws for- be disobedient through ignorance or self-will. mulated, and how do we judge responsibility really want guidance: they want to know for the actions of individuals?

God gave to Moses, are basic guidelines for way. mankind to follow if they want law and order and peace and satisfaction in their lives. Christ Jesus compressed the Ten Commandments into two. "Thou shalt love the Lord right from wrong, thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy strength, and with all thy mind; and thy neighbour as thyself."\*

If we truly love our neighbor, we will see him as the perfect spiritual child of God. Then there is no uncertainty as to what his true nature is, and we are certain of our own integrity and identity, too. God, Principle, is also divine Love; therefore, the good that is Principle is expressed in God's perfect man. As we mentally embrace others, near and far, as the perfect children of God, this healing love will help destroy the materialism of today. Sin, disease, and death are no part of the real man, the real universe.

The responsibility for learning to distinguish between right and wrong and to choose the right rests with each one of us. This is our duty to God and to mankind. The true test of the rightness of our thoughts and actions lies in whether they are of God. Mary Baker Eddy, the Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science, writes, "Hold thought: steadlastly to the enduring, the good, and the true, and you will bring these into your experience proportionably to their occupancy of your thoughts." We should avoid trying to make our own rules for life, based on personal desires and influences. To believe in a God that is both good and evil would rob usof a guiding Principle, loaving the universe without rule or law and subject to vascillating opinions.

When planning a journey, we consult maps and follow the directing signs. What if we had

#### **BIBLE VERSE**

And I will make all my mountains a way, and my highways shall be isaiah 49:11

### Poem versus boy

The purple martins are sweeping Through skies of midsummer-blue-He grinned at me, went back to skipping.

(The boy's wide eyes were not azure, But blue-gray, a striking huo).

The poem: bed of red tutips, still lightly touched with dew -(The boy's rough hair was the color-Of red blooms the sun shines through).

The poem: martins are sweeping Through skies infdsummer wide Boy: forever hopskipping: Poem: put aside.

**Edith Grames Schay** 

what is expected of them. Adults are also lost Christian Science teaches that God is di- without Love, the divine Principle that keeps vine Principle and that He does govern the them from being confused by all kinds of huuniverse. The Ten Commandments, the laws man opinions. Spiritual guideposts point the

> The Apostle Paul said, "Let this mind be in you, which was also in Christ Jesus."† Here is our surest way of being able to distinguish

> \*Luke 10:27; \*\*Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures, p. 261; †Philippians 2:5.

### The feeling that God can heal you

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Dear teacher thank you very much

L bond my bead over Mr. Doun's copy

— a kerosene fed, pressurized contraption, the rapidly fading light. "Dear Teacher;" it begins, "How are you coming on with your life? Fine, I hope. ..." The rest of the letter pumping the lantern, adjusting devices, and converting fractions to decimals. It turn to whimsical directions. Eventually the flame.

— a kerosene fed, pressurized contraption, the lighting of which fills me, but obviously into his book, I go back to the letter-writing into his book, I go back to the letter-writing fractions of the few non-Manding light. "Down He is one of the few non-Manding in the lantern, adjusting devices, and concepts completely out into his book, I go back to the letter-writing fractions. The rest of the letter withing matches, pumping the lantern, adjusting devices, and concepts completely out into his book, I go back to the letter-writing functions into his book, I go back to the letter-writing dingoes in the class, a Gio man who works digging for dignignds. Writing in his copy book, I show fifth how to change a fraction to black berobed Manding illustrations of "hat" "man" along with illustrations of "hat" "man" converting fractions to decimals. I turn to whimsical directions. Eventually the flame a decimal and explain why it works this way.

Mr. Dout, who is lattings findle to delive the convertible of the lattings findle to delive the convertible of the lattings findle to delive the convertible of the lattings for the lattings findle to delive the convertible of the convertible

This is Liberta. Outside the Mosiem men in board. The men read along with me. Bramy class are finishing their sundown prayers; hims, who speaks fairly good English, transhe says softly, gestuling to a large stalk of as they learn a new word, speak a new selfthe chant of their volces rises and falls softly. Lates for Abit and Lassana, who speak very fruit standing in the corner I shake his hand,
tence in English, understand a new idea.

The chant of the broader of the broader

fruit standing in the corner. I shake his hand, thanking him, aware of the amazing generolity of these people who give of the little call as I leave. Solomani carries my bag. Do they have so freely.

Most of the men have finished copying the bardwork and have furned to their "Books" the car in the darkness.

I mimeographed pages I wrote, typed and I grive off waving and calling that and many matters. Manage — Ambesomma! "Dear that that American reading books are the contain too many Eleanor Taylor.

over the knife-handle. Norma Farber

7

4.

### Australia's Olympic disappointments

A week or two before the Olympic Games in. Montreal the New York Times published a list of probable gold medal winners and awarded Australia only one. The forecast was considered by Australians ill-informed, unfriendly, metres freestyle, swam faster than the existand quite absurd.

Everyone knew, Australia was always well up among the gold medal winners, as a glance of its record over the previous 36 years proved. Not in the big league with the United States and the Soviet Union perhaps, but pushing

Our swimmers, our runners, were second to none. In this benign climate where even swimmers can practice the year round in the seas, cess, only the Australian men's bockey team the beaches are golden and the skies blue, we promised to keep the flag flying. To everyone's had natural advantages that were denied to astonishment it knocked out the Indians and less fortunate mortals in other continents.

Our women swam like fish and ran like deer. Our men were straight from the tourist ads. that men played hockey at all in Australia. And so the sour grapes of the New York Times Hockey conjured up images of plump young was replaced with the much sweeter debate schoolgirls in gym suits, shouting "Hockey about which of our three national anthems, One," "Hockey Two," whatever such ex-"God Save the Queen," "Waltzing Matilda" or pressions meant. "Advance Australia Fair," would be the most But overnight the country adopted hockey

indeed, it was over generous in bestowing even the hockey hopes and carried off the gold, ternational arenas preparatory to the Oke Holland, an 18-year-old swimming in the 1500

ing world record, but not quite fast enough to

catch the two Americans ahead of him. The girls, some of them in their early teens, and of whom so much was expected, were rarely seen among the leaders. Unkind sports writers said they had become too fat, over-indulging in cream cakes and ice creams of Mon-

As the days passed with very limited suc-Pakistanis and won its way to the finals.

To many Australians it came as a surprise

The following observations are offered to

belo your readers toward a truer evaluation of articles on Rijodesia printed in your news

cessive match brought brilliant victory. But in would seek out and cultivate talent and by But, alas, the New York Times knew best.

Cessive match orought ordinant victory. But an provide opportunities for its developments.

The end neighboring New Zealand upset even provide opportunities for its developments.

leaving the Australians with the silver. All of this has caused the greatest sporting All of this has caused the greatest sporting hullaballoo the country has ever known. Ausling the losophy of sport development in Australia's tralians, it was said, just could not compete said, "they [the Australian competitors]

Monday, August 16, 1976

many and the Communist countries who now arena of competent professionals." treated the Olympic stadium as a staging It remained, however, for a former p ground for ideological promotion. Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser visited the perspective. He reminded his countryment Australian team in Montreal and was met with Australians had become more of a race a catalogue of complaints against the govern- 'spectators than participators. ment's beggarly financial contribution to sport This is the time of year when every be

lar. Many of the competitors had to pay part at the stands in the Melbourne Cricket (1846) least of their own expenses, and yachtsmen dium to watch the preliminary final ( and rowers, lacking funds, had been obliged to curious game known as Australian rule obtain their boats in Canada. Before leaving Montreal the unfortunate "Let us make an effort to fill the great

lack of success. John Daley, chief coach of the Australian one of the best victories that has come

"Unless there is a radical change in the against all the "professionals" from East Ger- be courageous but unsuccessful amateumi.

footballer to put the whole matter in charge

in general, and to the Olympic team in particu-

Australian competitors were told that there not the stands," said John Lord the town. was to be a national inquiry into the team's football star. "Now that the Olympic web dimmed for another four years let us wisappropriate to play when the gold medals and sat glued to its television sets as each suctrack and field team, called for a restructuring way for many years: the message that with

# It's one world - for tires, tapes, and Big Macs

A recent issue of Business Week described the efforts of B. F. Goodrich Company to sell American tires to Europeans by means of a Dutch plant, Vredestein, that Goodrich purchased. Five pages away, under a headline "Michelin Goes American," the magazine reported on that French tiremaker's determination to invade the American market by setting up a plant in South Caro-

The editors of Business Week did not bother to point up the two events as a coincidence, or even an irony. And perhaps by now, in these days of the internationalization of practically everything except, alas, peace, merchant traders passing in the night - their tires rolling - are too commonplace an occurrence to

Paris houte couture flying westward across the Atlantic meets, somewhere over the Azores, American fringed-and-faded jeans winging in the opposite direc-

McDonald's exports its Golden Arches to Japan, and a clever American entrepreneur has imported a Japanese fast-food restaurant, Hai Hai, to the United States. It's all done, it seems, with mirrors.

At the summer Olympics even a Soviet gymnast strutted her stuff to a Soviet accompanist's version of When the Saints Go Marching In" - New Orleans-by-

Meanwhile, on the old assembly line Detroit is

Readers write

those governments will use the capture and ex-ecution of Anglo-American mercenaries to bot

ster the battle confidence of African guerrillas Guerrilla lighters will be heartened to know

are sometimes incompetent, inept, poorly

The United States and Stituln have been out-

mailenvered on the matter of mercenaries be-

southorn: Africa, Why shouldn't the Commu-nists exploit this weakness? How weak a post-

trained and not immune to firing squads.

that white mercenaries are not invincible but. Reporting on Rhodesia

cause their policies have tried to ignore the ropener. Before the advent of Europeans there allies of an inevitable blatorical process in was no national government nor order in Rho.

eral Motors, is now being manufactured only in Japan. The grass may not be greener in the other fellow's yard, but we're sure ready to buy his hay.

The Japanese businessman, to whom "modern" video tapes.

What a degree of sophistication we have come to in our marketplaces! One hears phones ringing simulta-

neously in a half-dozen countries, with negotiations discussed through a half-dozen translators and an "agreement" made in the currency of country A for a product of country B to be shipped to country C, represented in the negotiations by country D.

And practically nobody will even see the morchandse. In business schools all over the world there are courses training the native businessmen to deal with fereign businessmen. One can imagine that "problet" being exported too so that at Harvard Business School. for instance, American businessmen could take a course on how to deal with Japanese businessmen trained to deal with American businessmen.

Are we, and all we produce, going to end up homogenized beyond distinction — a sort of International version of unisex? The bleaching-out might be worth it if, in the jargon of international politics, it "relieved tensions" or "promoted understanding." But the headlines from the Middle East and Africa suggest that our politics, unlike our economics, became arrested somewhere between the Ago of the Cave and World War I.

Those of us whose notion of international finance is to figure out the tax due on an out-of-state mail order have a serious question once we recover from our dizziness. What good can all this global business razzle-dazzle de li the end result is that combatants of country A kill combatants of country B with weapons so identical that even the survivors of country C can't tell them apart?

#### Melvin Maddocks

copying the Mercedes-Benz, as elsewhere - follow this carefully - the Opel, a German car distributed by Gen-

seems to mean living in a special kind of Third World (neither his nor yours but the Future's), must be the acknowledged expert of internationalization. The Japanese trading company, Sumitomo Shoji, seems as much a metaphor in this context — or rather, noncontext — as the totally interchangeable airports around the world. Sumitomo Shoji selis American wheat to Peru, American machinery to indonesia, American soybeans to Denmark, American cotton to China - at the same time importing women's shoes from Brazil to the United States. In its ads Sumitomo Shoji describes its most celebrated middle-man coup. As a kind of cosmic broker passing papers on papers — Sumitomo Shoji arranged a \$7.3 million "agreement" for Du Pont to sell to the Soviet trade organization V/O Techmashimport, the "technology" to produce chromium dioxide, used on audio and

On African mercenaries, and Rhodesia's history Russell Brines' comments on Western mertion can the world's mightlest power be in this, in addition to providing the basis for ecoone vote, now." with communist support to providing the basis for ecoone vote, now." with communist support to providing the basis for ecoone vote, now." with communist support to providing the basis for ecoone vote, now."

considerably. Racism is not merely spikes.

Jerk anti-Western symbol. In acuthern Africa way of life. The grim "nigger-hunt.

Ing. of the well-paid white South African more centries in the Congo in 1964 – I was living the communist takeover of the communist takeover of the communist takeover of the communist takeover of this, in addition to providing the basis for econome vote, now." with Communist support one vote, now." with Communist support on the providing the basis for economic development, attended to the needs of promotion they rejected the policy of progress of the well-paid white South African more considerably. Backers with the communist support on the vote of progress of the policy of progress of the well-paid white South African more considerable with the communist takeover of the communist takeover of were provided.

government in 1923.

there at the time — served as one totally de based expression of that racism.

Many, black African governments, particularly those like the revolutionary one in Angola, remain engaged in a death struggle with that racism. Whether, Westerners like it or not those governments will use the capture and expectation of Anglo-American mercenaries to both. of the white electorate voted in favor of prog-dictatorship incompetent in administrative reas on merit in a multiractal Federation, of skills, which would emerge from an committee of the commi Southern and Northern Rhodesia and Nyasa- flict between rival factions, employing commit land, which had defined franchise quality nist techniques for control. fications, the same for all races.

Rhodesia's whites strongly opposed the Brit-news media ish government's decision to break up the Fed-Rhodesia eration 11 years later.

At the time of the break-up of the Federation, African "nationalists," self appointed was no national government nor order in Rho. groups of young people claiming to represent the blacks, started intimidating Rhodestan A. British type government was formed and blacks into joining their demand for "one man.

white supremacist government on the one band Southern Rhodesia was granted responsible and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the other is, in fact, and "majority rule" on the At a referendum in about 1952 the majority on the one halid and on the other, a nationals

We hope and pray for a change to more lac tual reports on Rhodesia in the internation

Letters are welcome. Only a selection can be published and none inalvidually ac-

# COMMENTARY

#### Charles W. Yost

### Updating America's view of the world

United States observes its bicentennial, it also by the need both to justify and to buttress the is in the process of redefining its role in the - worldwide infiltary posture which the occasion world. Its perception of this role has, after a seemed to require. century of confident conviction, been fluttering wildly in the winds of change.

till 1941 was of a rather wicked place from apart. Military power, democratic principles, which it would do well to remain as alouf as possible. Benighted peoples, the US felt, had tain either its predominance or its popularity much to learn from it - Christianity, freedom, in a world grown more diverse and unmanagedemocracy, business enterprise. The U.S. able each passing year. opened its gates to all seeking freedom from oppression, and it sent its missionaries to the ends of the earth. That seemed enough.

America's international role, except for the Wilsonian interlude, was therefore a modest one, compounded of isolationism, missionary the world remains to be accomplished. That endeavor, and business enterprise, of which may prove to be the central task of the new the former was predominant.

During and after World War II the U.S. perceived with sudden shock that its isolation was ended because some of the more wicked foreign powers had become so strong and aggres- fully, without revolutionary changes or exsive that only its weight thrown into the balance could check them.

The other aspects of its earlier role, however - missionary endeavor and business en- dependence about 100 nations who are conterprise - survived intact into the cold war. In-

As, in a sober but more cheerful mood, the deed, they were reinforced in U.S. perceptions

Then came the tragic, the emotionally devastating period from 1965 until today when all America's perception of the world from 1789 U.S. perceptions of its role seemed to fall

The tone and spirit of the bicentennial and the unexpected unity at the Democratic convention suggest that America is overcoming these setbacks and traumas with remarkable aplomb. But the redefinition of the U.S. role in administration, one indeed which only a new administration could perform.

What Americans would probably like best to do would be to readjust the status quo neacecessive violence. Such a modest redefinition, however, is not likely to be feasible.

In the last 15 years there have arisen to in-

distribute the world's wealth more evenly.

their surplus to aid less-developed peoples, but gross and the country to support them. who show no disposition to give up the comwho show no disposition to give up the com-forts to which they are accustomed in order to clausts the pear. Not are they not recruited where new perceptions widely shared are inelevate the poor. Nor are they yet porsuaded pressure on the biosphere, nuclear proliferation, civil strife and terrorism emanating from this teerning "third world" make it in their own national interest to do so.

nunable, but all the ingredients are present for and South, together. they are not willing to give up.

It is this impending confrontation, barely present in the comfortable consciousness

from a century or more of colonial ex- the affluent peoples - coupled with the likely ploitation, who have within their borders two revival of the East-West confrontation if much or more billion desperately poor people, mostly more vigorous steps to dispel it are not taken under 30, and who therefore demand a New In- - which constitutes the nightmare and the ternational Economic Order which will re-challenge to those who will be defining policy in Washington next year.

Facing these billions are the 30 or so developed countries (including for these purposes urgent this defining of policy and assuming of the European communists) who have for some leadership may be, new policies will not stand years been skimming off a modest share of up without a broad constituency in the Con-

that exploding population growth, increasing of all the zeal and energies of all those associdispensable. The administration will need most ations, churches, unions, journals in its pluralistic society whose business is public rather than private weal and who, in their perceptions None of these problems is insoluble, at least of the world, see a little more clearly than the at this stage, any more than the senseless mill- rest of us the common interests that should, tary competition with the Soviet Union is inter-

new and passionate confrontations between The perception which Americans, and the those aware of their deprivation and deter- rest of humankind, most need to acquire is mined to end it, and those who have by skill that the first responsibility of all peoples must and industry achieved a privileged position henceforth be to make sure the world remains livable for its children and grandchildren.

₱1976 Charles W. Yost

### Can cars mix with communism?

The Krcmlin seems to be having second ownership as a reward. thoughts about the place of the private car in the Soviet Union. The rapid growth in number evidenced in the past five years is being slowed down.

as they were during the Khrushchev regime about the compatibility of private car ownership with the Soviet system. But even the Krenilin has to reckon with pressure from aspiring owners because they form the elite whose political loyalty is needed.

The great spurt in Soviet automobile produc-tion began after the fall of Khrushchev who insisted that extensive taxi pools and car-hire facilities would be more in keeping with the So- ending in 1980, car production is to increase by viot way of life than capitalist-type car own- no more than 3 percent a year. Reports from ership by individuals. But Khruschev's succes- Moscow suggest that with car exports due to

Washington managerial class to work harder and held car

The same reward was available to the political elite - officials who ruled the country in Moscow as well as those in the most remote

Was it right - Prime Minister Alexei Kosy-Questions are again being raised in Moscow gin asked after Khrushchev's fall - to deny the use of cars to industrial executives? Some people had maintained, he recalled, that the Soviet Union needed no large-scale car producsaid. Then he promptly proceeded to sign the contract with Flat for the building of the Soviet Union's largest automobile plant.

Retween 1970 and 1975 Soviet car output nearly quadrupled - from 352,000 to 1,200,000 sors took the contrary view. They wanted the rise by 35 percent during the five-year period

the number of cars available for the domestic One participant spoke of Western warnings

about the same as it was in the United States tige on the owner than it does in the West.

future of the car, some experts revised the subjects have to treat the issue with great cir-Khrushchevian notion of mass car-hire while cumspection, some of the captains of industry others argued in favor of private ownership. evidently feel less inhibited. Those who want to see fewer cars maintained One of the top officials of the Volga automothat private ownership loads to individualistic bile plant, which makes the Soviet Flat, argued and anti-social phenomena and to the sharp- last year in a Moscow journal that the Soviet ening of interpersonal conflicts. But the under- Union should allow the sale of cars on the inlying socio-political issue which has to do with stallment plan because only the highly paid the privileged status of those who are allowed that is, members of the Soviet clite to own cars, was barely hinted at in the ac- were able to buy cars with cash.

market may be less in the future than it is against the revival of class warfare between those who had cars and those who did not. An-A comprehensive study of Soviet attitudes other spoke of the prestige factor of car owntoward the private car in the current issue of ership in the West and mentioned the possi-Survey, the journal of Soviet and East Eu-bility of the emergence of similar problems in ropean studies, estimates that by 1980 the level the Soviet Union. However, in Russia the posof car ownership in the Soviet Union will be session of a car already confers far more pres-

But while Soviet sociologists who have been At a Moscow conference held to discuss the warned to stay away from politically explosive

#### Will Rockefeller succeed Rockefeller?

By Godfrey Sperling Jr.

still may be Ford's choice."

This friend points to the President's requiremonts for the No. 2 spot — a person who is "capable of leading the country, disposed to work in full harmony with the chief executive, an asset in the November campaign, and a major contributor to governing the country in those next four years" - and adds: "Rockefeller can do all of those things and better than

A Rockefeller aide told this reporter just the other day that he expected the Vice-President ticket next fall. to "fade quietly away" after the convention. Through Rockefeller's presence on the picking liberal Richard Schweiker as his run-percentage of the electoral voio lies. ning mate. Now — according to a high-up offi-... There is a strong line of thinking among clai in the Ford campaign organization — the Republican leaders today, both in Washington vatives in his party in choosing a running Ford campaign strategy that would be essent could not win the nation. Which leans toward a reason: because Rockofeller so gracefully ac. loyal Vice-President to run with him this fall.

We said Ford Mr. Sperling is chief of the Washington bundle, "Ford," he says, "now has the option to tially "Northern" in orientation.

efeller - will be well to the right, ideologically, iel Evans and Robert Ray. And they seem to chance of catching Jimmy Carter."

Rockefeller's assets as the President's possible running mate are these:

• The Republican Party organization has a study which shows that Rockefoller, of all possible vice-presidential candidates, would add more than 2 percent to a Ford-led ticket. The study is fairly old, going back several months. But it showed that, at least at the time, Rockefeller could add as much as 10 percent to the

While the general expectation is that Renald Reagan and John Connally will lead in the President's poll on possible running mates, a ter their candidate went so far to the left in the president's poll on possible running mates, a ter their candidate went so far to the left in the president's poll on possible running mates, a ter their candidate went so far to the left in the president's poll on possible running mates, a ter their candidate went so far to the left in the president's poll on possible running mates, a ter their candidate went so far to the left in the president's poll on possible running that could be in the president's poll on possible running the lection — and the Reagan people Northern approach to winning in November? tention for the vice presidential nomination.

The leaders pushing this strategy in did not be in the president was the president was the president with the president was the president was the president was the vice president of the vice preside

feel that border-state Tennesseean Howard - At the moment, of course, the Pres to make the plan work. But in recent days GOP leaders in Congress and around the more and more of these leaders, are saying. United States. Perhaps the predictable will ocis the one who would be most certain to attract distance all other contenders for the vice-oresi-

level political friends now say that Mr. Ford strong, if not winning, showing among those lo-"owes" the vice-presidential spot on the ticket cal GOP leaders? That might be all it would to Rockefeller. The thesis is stressed that it take for Ford to pick Rockefeller - even if was Rockefeller and Rockofeller's people who Rocky finishes well behind Connally and Rea-But that was before Ronald Reagan shocked ticket, this study showed, Ford had a chance to delivered the Northeastern delegates to Ford gan in the poll of delegates.

Washington pick anyone he feels will help him most in win- What running mate could best "seft" this unless he, Rockefeller, took himself out of con-

says fiatly, "Don't write off Rockefeller. He Anyone Ford is likely to pick - including Rock- cluding Elliot Richardson and Governors Dan- needed on the ticket it Ford is to have a

Baker is sufficiently "Northern" in orientation polling delegates to the convention as well as "How about Rockefeller?" and "Rockefeller cur' - and Reagan and Connally will outindependent and Democratic votes if he is on dential spot. But what if GOP members of Congress give the not to Rockefeller? It could • Some within the President's orbit of high-bappen. And what if Rockefeller then makes a

conservative Republicans across the land by score heavily in the Northeast where a sizable that he so badly needed to fend off the bid picking liberal Richard Schweiker as his run-percentage of the electoral vote lies. Iron Resgan from Reagan:

These same friends say Ford "owes" the doing what he would like to do and what he running-mate spot to Rockefeller for another tunks would be best for the licket; select his